

# Kelvin-Helmholtzwellen Segelflug Erfahrungen

**Wellentreffen Hannover 21.2.2015**

**Herbert Horbrügger**

Helmholtzwellen, Fichtelberg, Erzgebirge, 1. Februar 2014  
Foto: Claudia Hinz

# Kelvin-Helmholtzwellen

## Segelflug Erfahrungen

- Wellenflüge
  - Odenwald
  - Dingel
  - Brandenburg
  - DM Lüsse
- Schlussfolgerungen
- Wolkenbeobachtungen

Thomas Seilers Vortrag

Wellentreffen 2013 Göttingen : Foto Birmingham Alabama USA, 19.12.2011



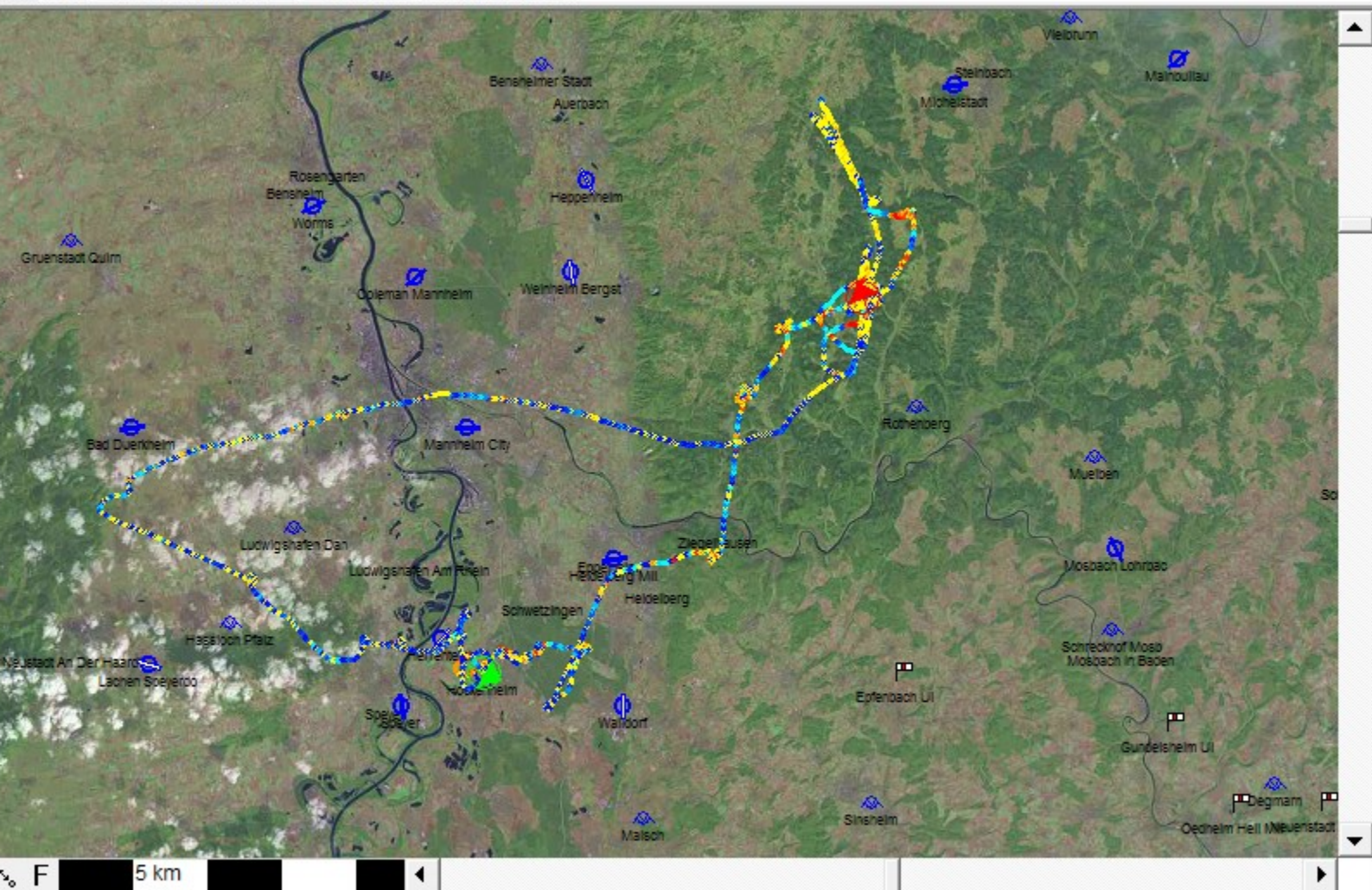
Birmingham Alabama USA, 19.12.2011



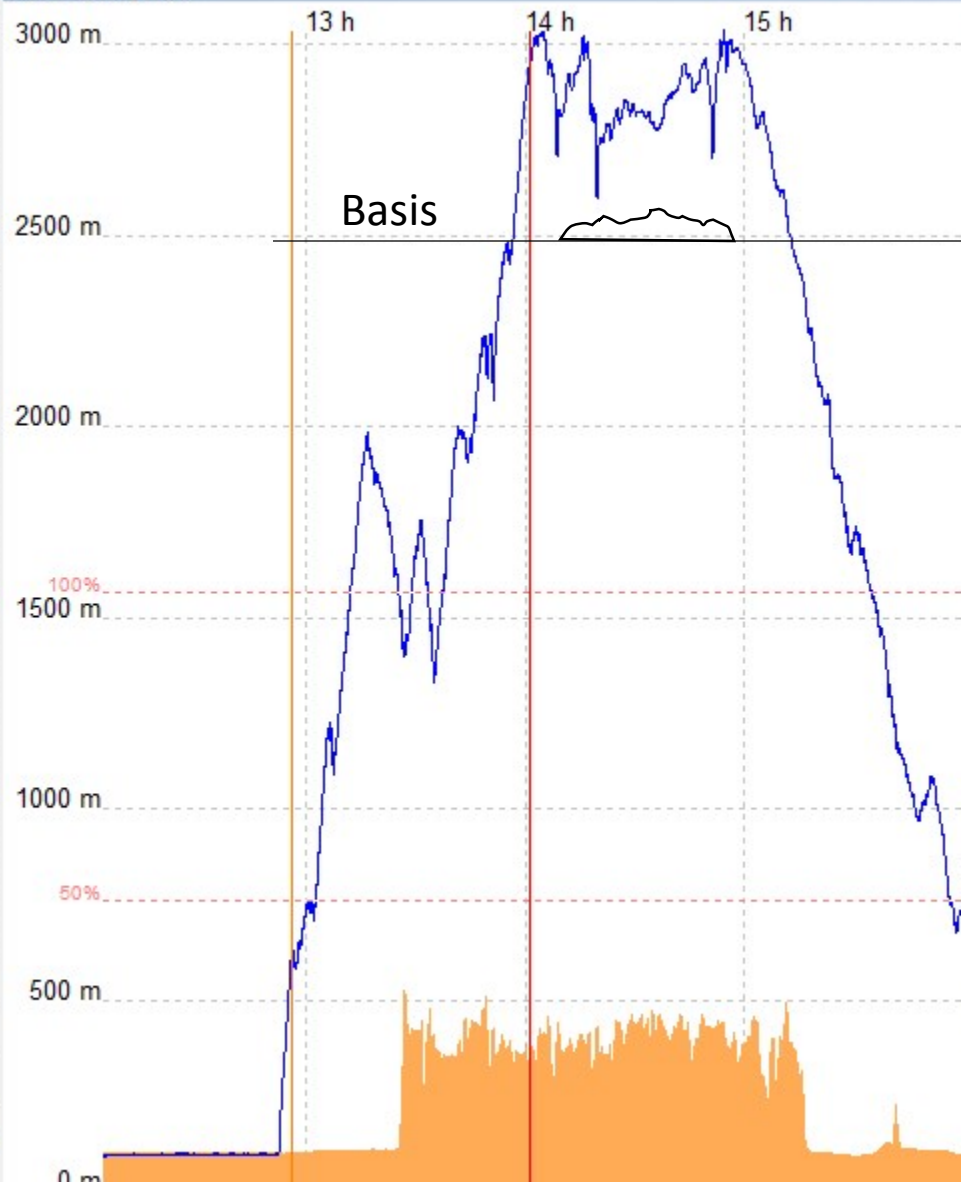
# Odenwald 6.6.2014

# Odenwald Wellen 6.6.2014

te | 3D | Wendepunkte | Routen | Flugwege



Info 1 - Barogramm



| K   | H (C1) | T (C1)   | Vg (C1)   | w (C1)  | E (C1) | H (C2) | T (...) | dH     | dT    | Vg       | w       |
|-----|--------|----------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|----------|---------|
| ... | 2946 m | 14:01:21 | 79,0 km/h | 0,7 m/s | E 29   | 100 m  | 16:...  | 2846 m | 02... | 16,6 ... | 0,4 m/s |

16:14:12

Welle1



**16:19:12**

**Welle1**





16:22:50

Welle1





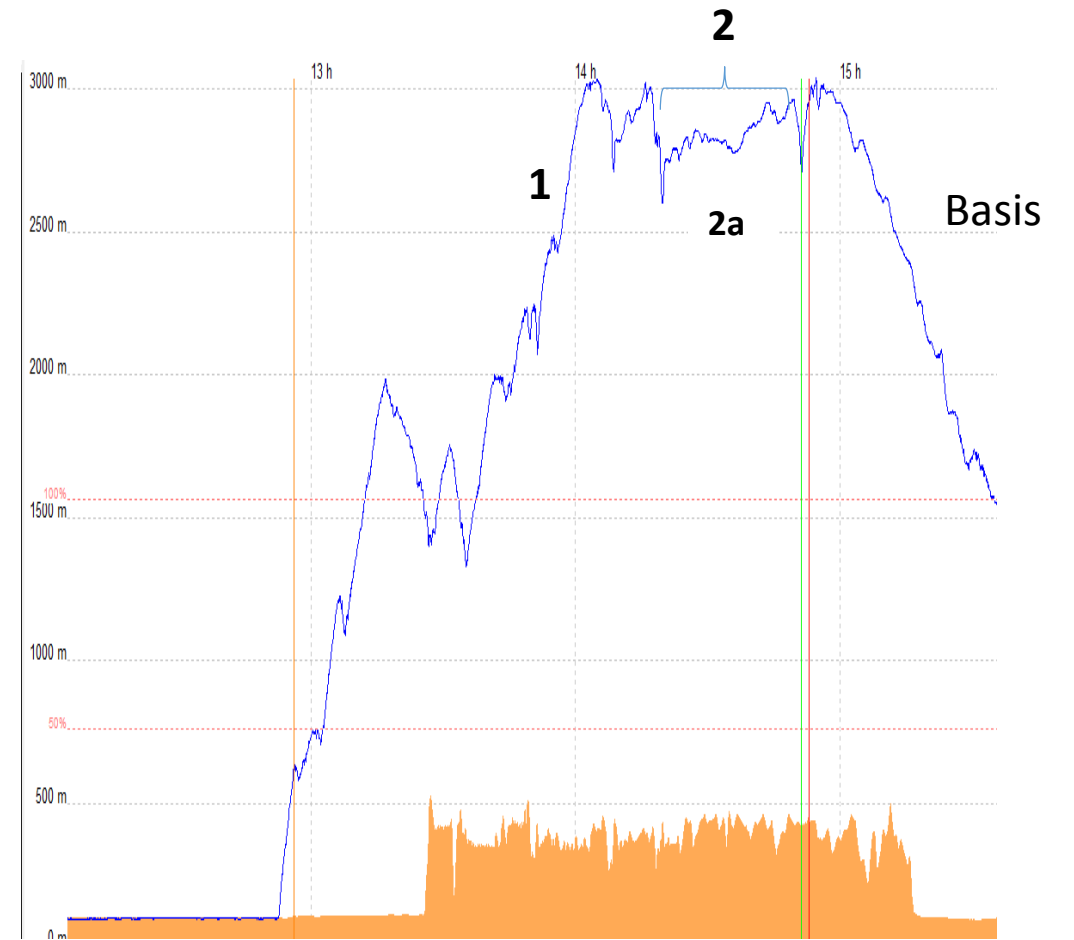
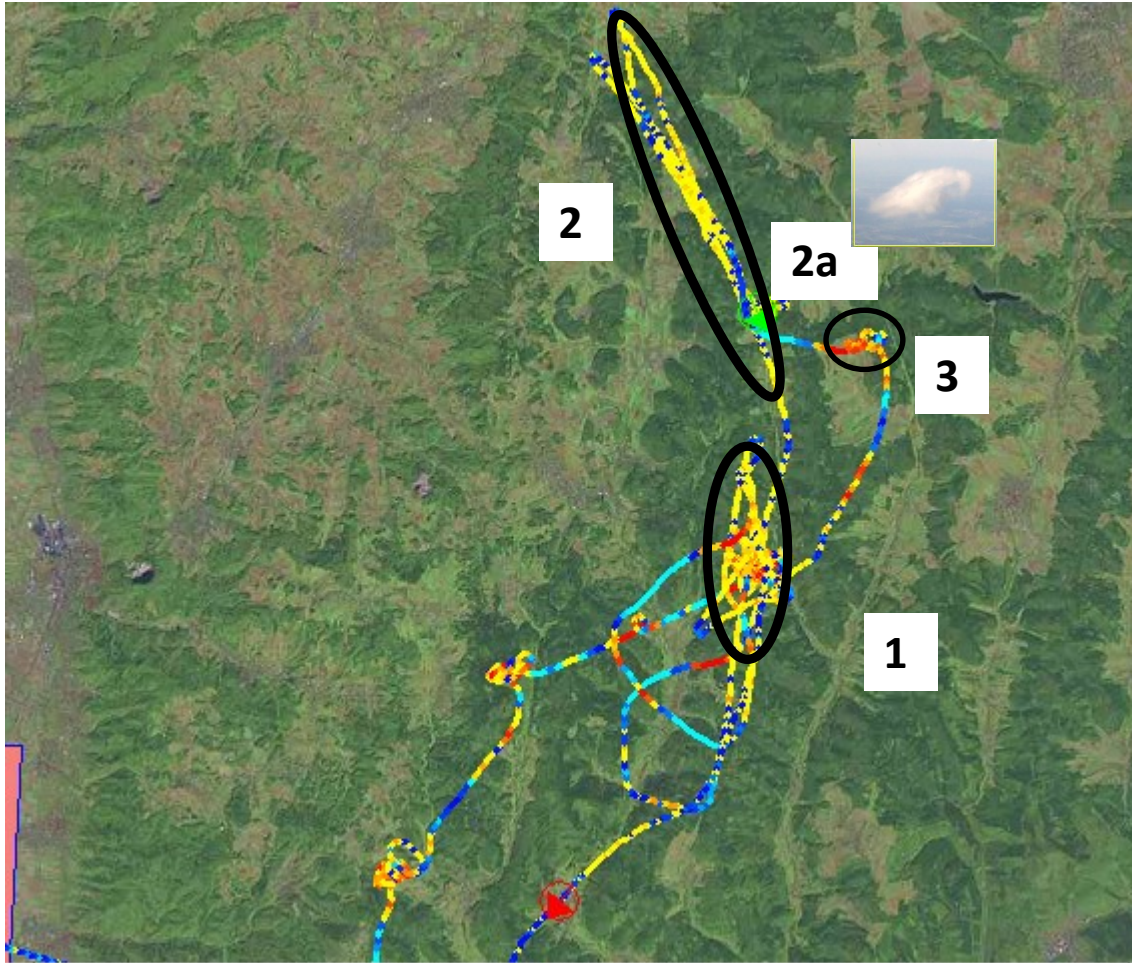
**16:29:16**

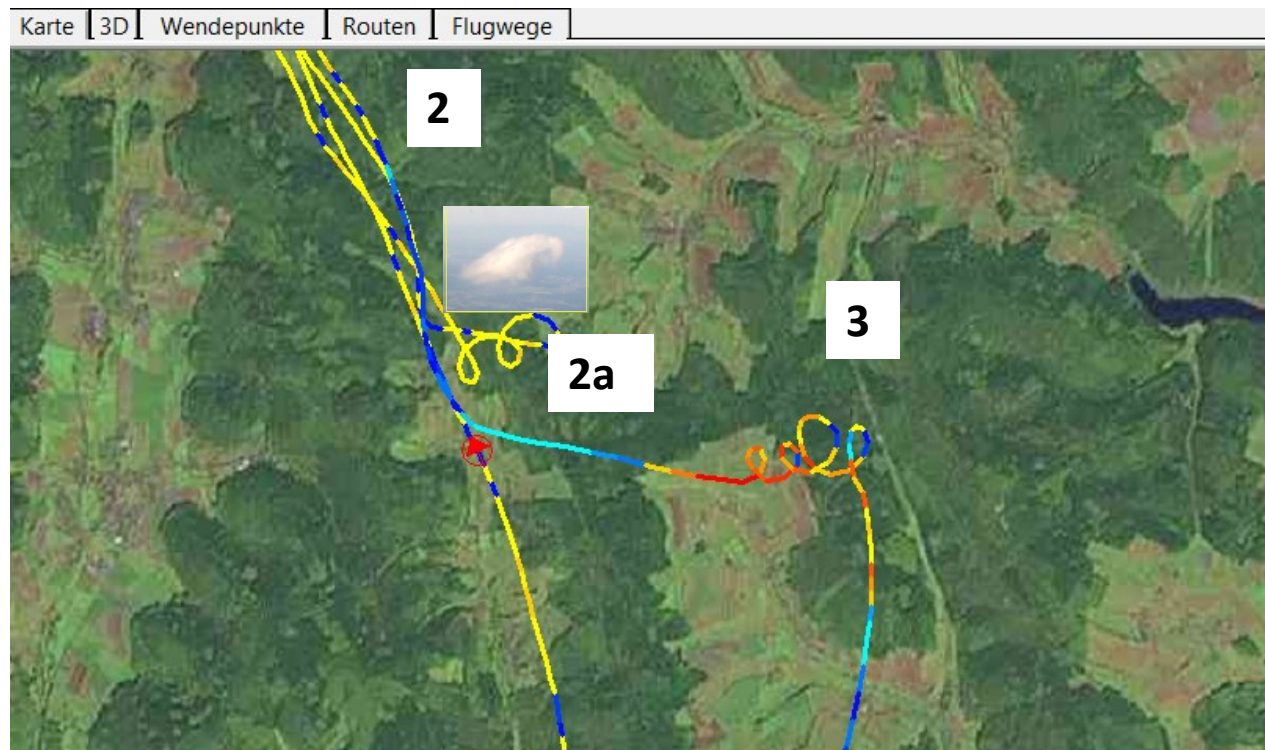


**16:29:46**

**30s später**



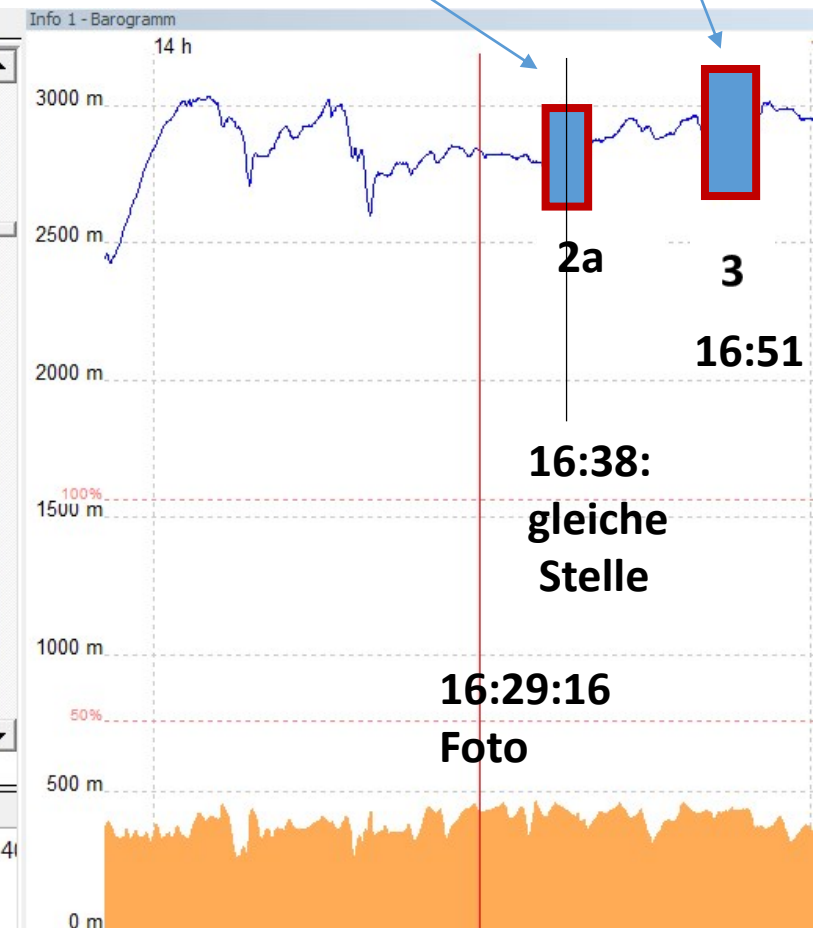


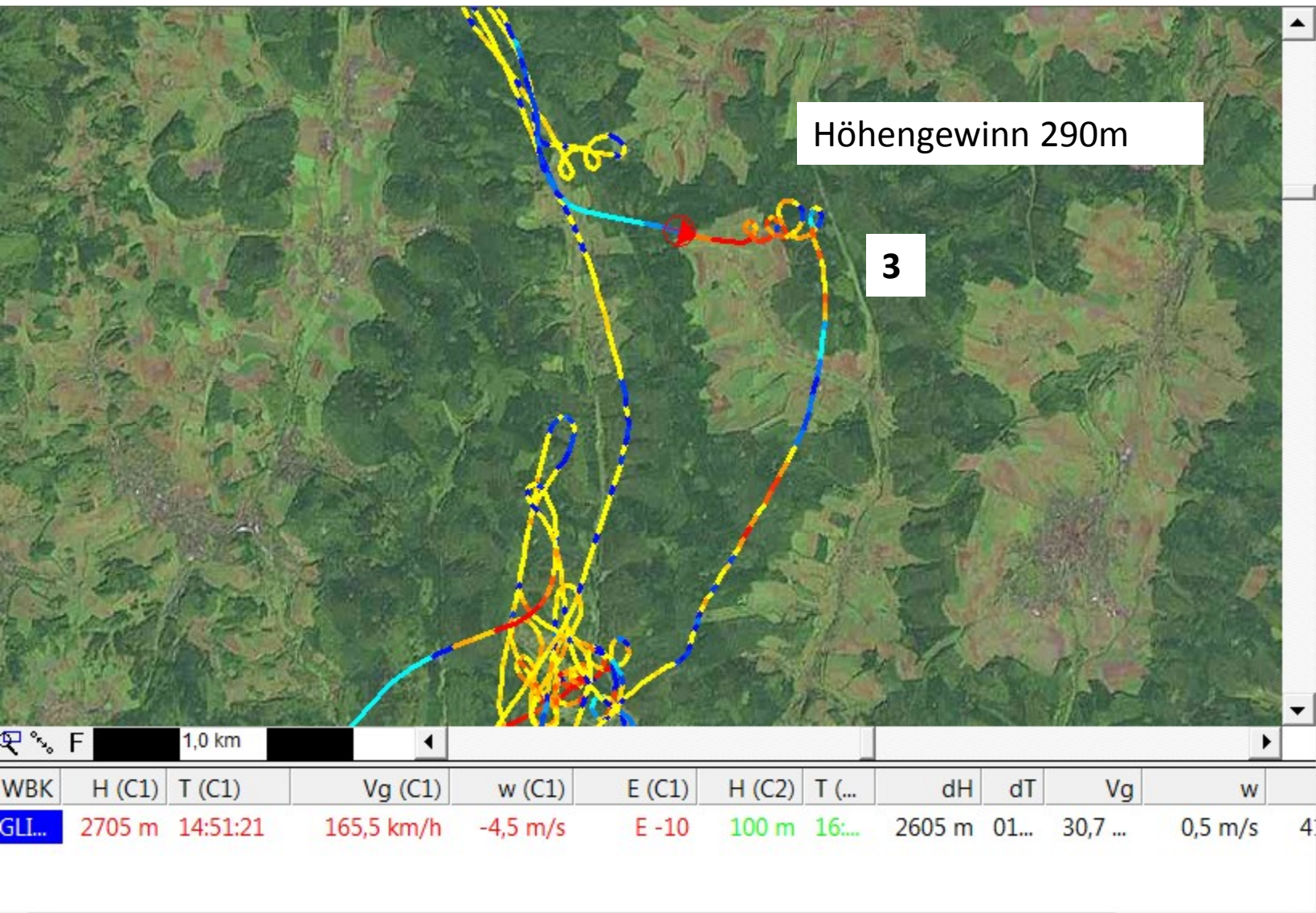


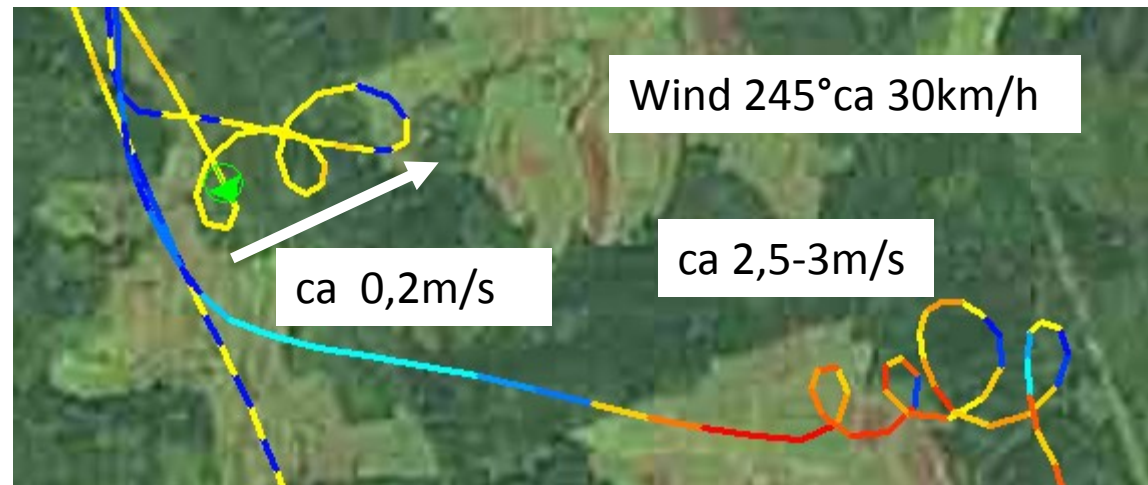
| WBK    | H (C1) | T (C1)   | Vg (C1)    | w (C1)   | E (C1) | H (C2) | T (...) | dH     | dT    | Vg       | w       |
|--------|--------|----------|------------|----------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|----------|---------|
| GLI... | 2837 m | 14:29:45 | 106,4 km/h | -0,0 m/s | E -99  | 100 m  | 16:...  | 2737 m | 01... | 23,8 ... | 0,4 m/s |

Kelvin-Helmholz Welle, 0,2-0,5 m/s

3 Kelvin-Helmholz Welle, 2,5-3m/s

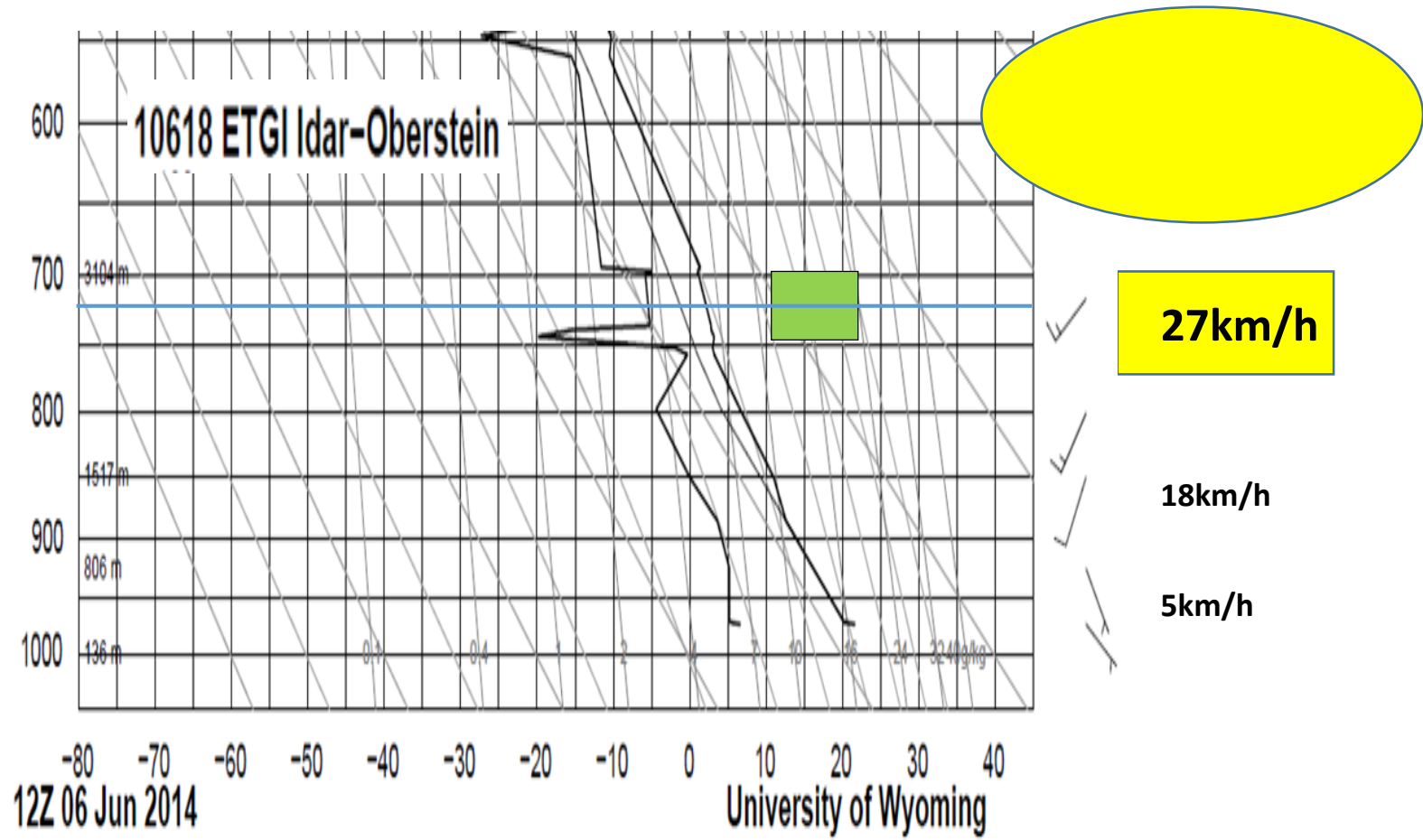
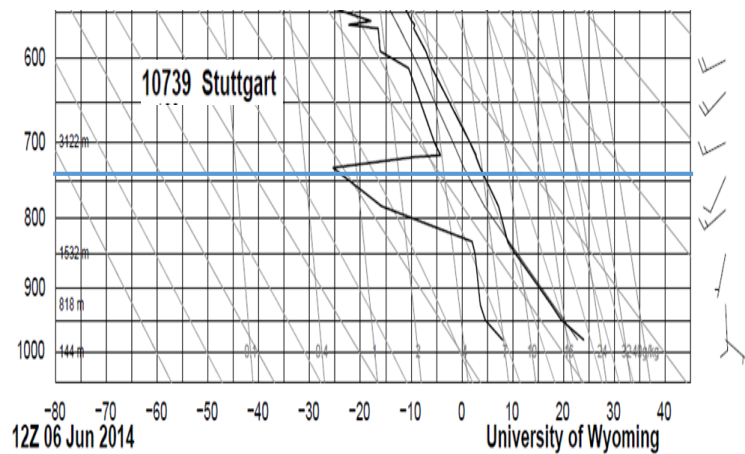








6.6.2014  
Kelvin Helmholtz  
Wellen



27km/h

18km/h

5km/h

**Wind aus GPS Aufzeichnung ca 30km/h**  
**=> Versetzung = ca Windgeschwindigkeit**

# Kelvin-Helmholtz Wave Clouds Over Birmingham



0 s

Birmingham



**10 s**





21 s

Over Birmingham

30 s



Over Birmingham

40 s



Over Birmingham

45 s





Over Birmingham

45 s



Over Birmingham

45 s



# Kelvin-Helmholtz Welle Beobachtung

- Kurzlebig ...im Minuten Bereich
- Abwandern mit dem Wind
- KH Odenwald...ausfliegbar wie Thermik  
...nur oberhalb der Basis !

=> Analyse früherer Wellenflüge

# Region Dingel

14.4.2007

StrePla - Herbert Horbruegger - [Dingelwendepunkte.st2 - Unbenannt]

Datei Bearbeiten Einfügen Ansicht Flugwege pc\_met Extras Layout ?

1:400.000 vertikale Geschwindigkeit am linken Tragflügel

Karte 3D Wendepunkte Routen Flugwege

The screenshot displays the StrePla software interface. On the left, a topographic map shows a flight path (blue line) with several waypoints marked by black circles. A large blue arrow points from the map towards the barogram chart. The barogram chart, titled 'Info 3 - Barogramm', plots altitude in meters (0 to 2000) against time (12h to 18h). A blue line represents the flight's altitude profile, showing a significant climb starting around 14h. A red vertical line marks the time 14h, and a blue arrow labeled 'Meisner' points to the corresponding altitude on the blue line. The chart also features an orange area at the bottom, likely representing engine power or fuel consumption, and horizontal dashed lines at 50% and 100% of the 2000m scale.

Info 3 - Barogramm

12 h 13 h 14 h 15 h 16 h 17 h 18 h

2000 m

1500 m

1000 m

500 m

0 m

Meisner

100%

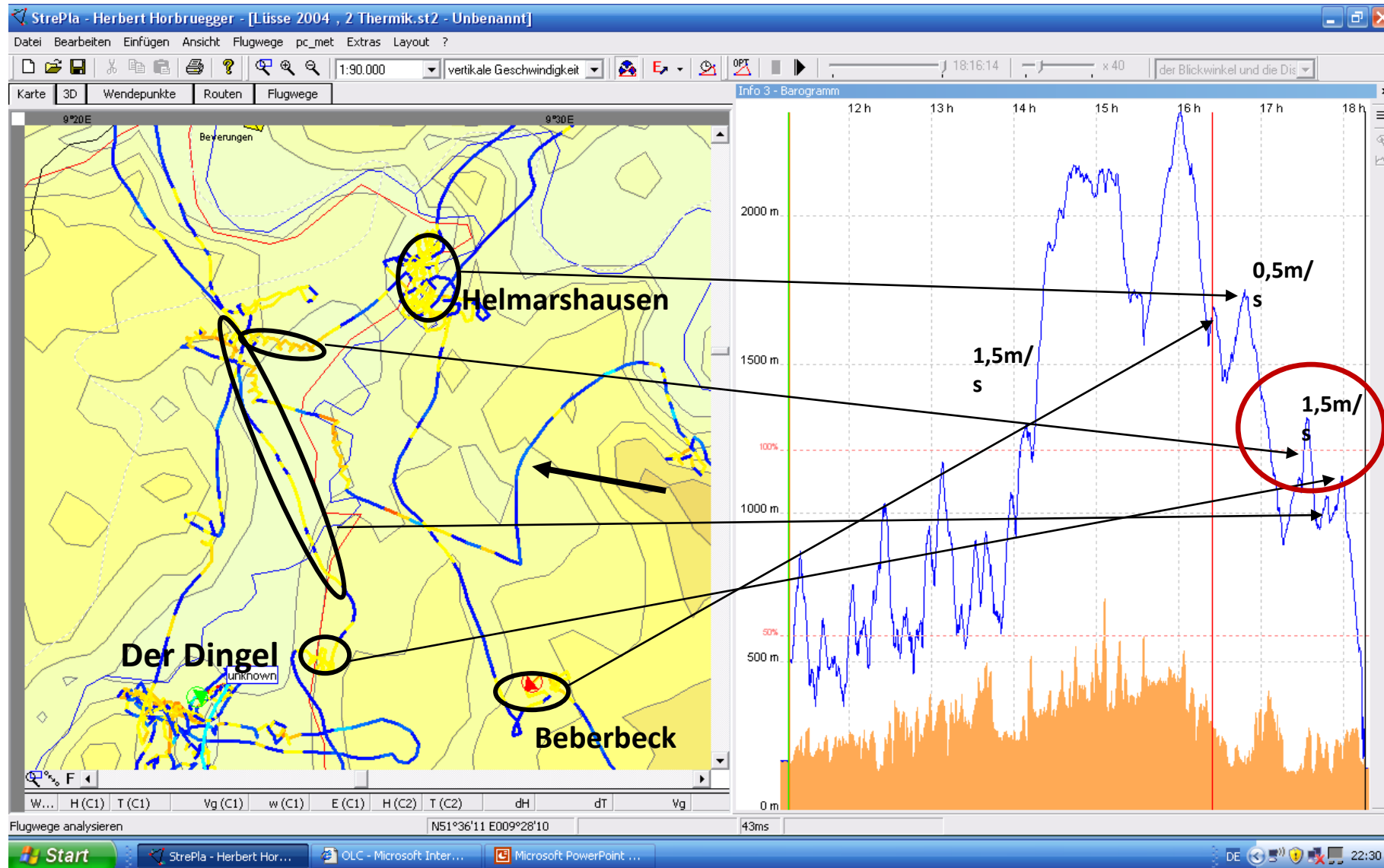
50%

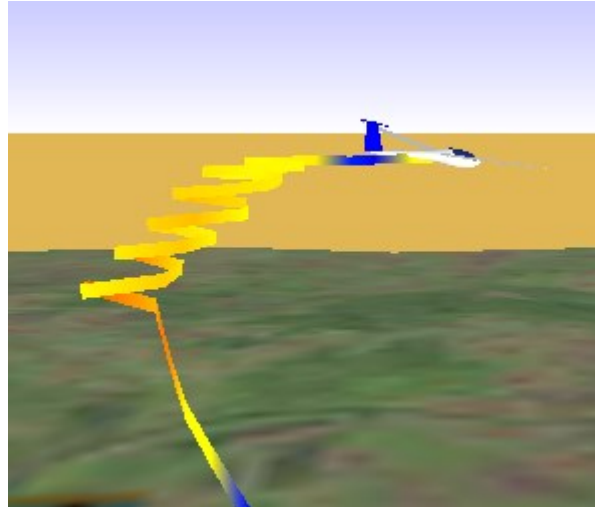
Flugwege analysieren N51°17'23 E010°01'19

Start Posteingang - Outloo... Microsoft PowerPoint ... StrePla - Herbert Hor...

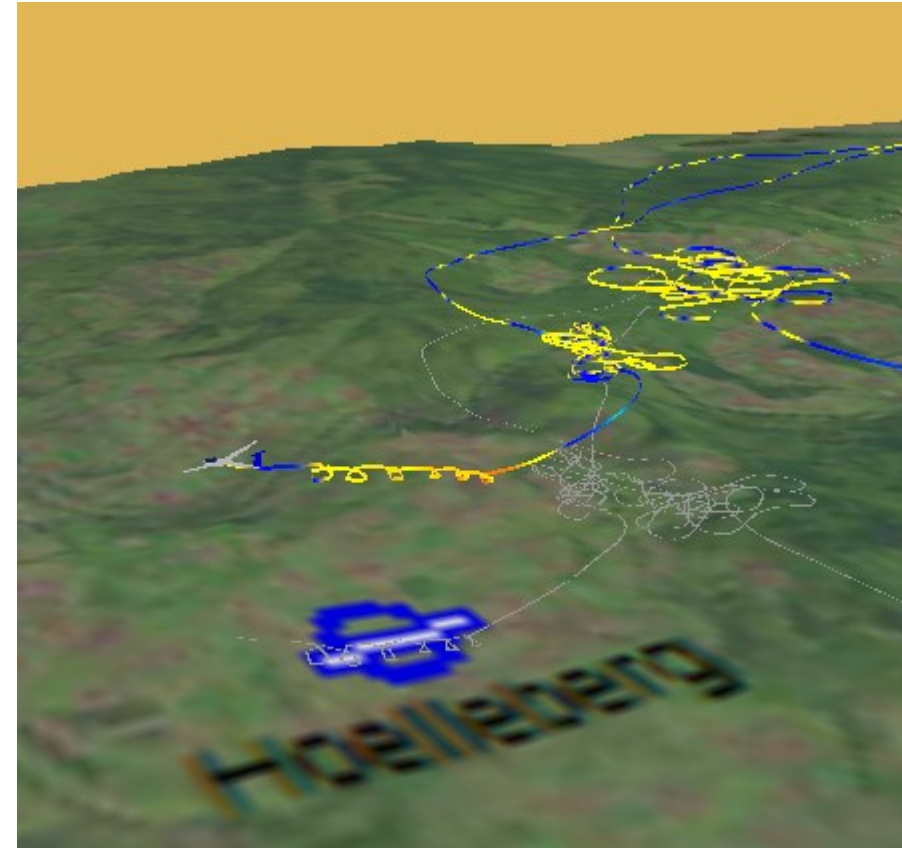
DE 22:48

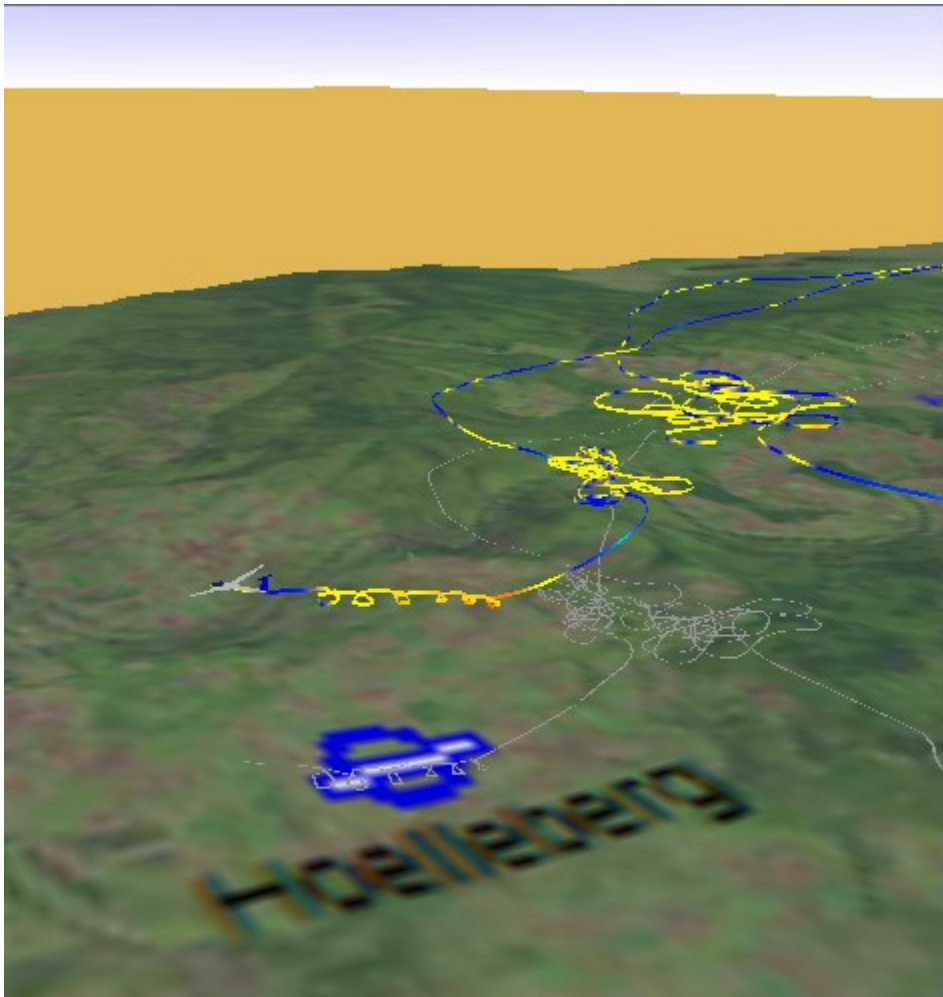
# 14.4.2007 Beberbeck, Helmarshausen, Ost 100°, 30 km/h @ 1200m, HH



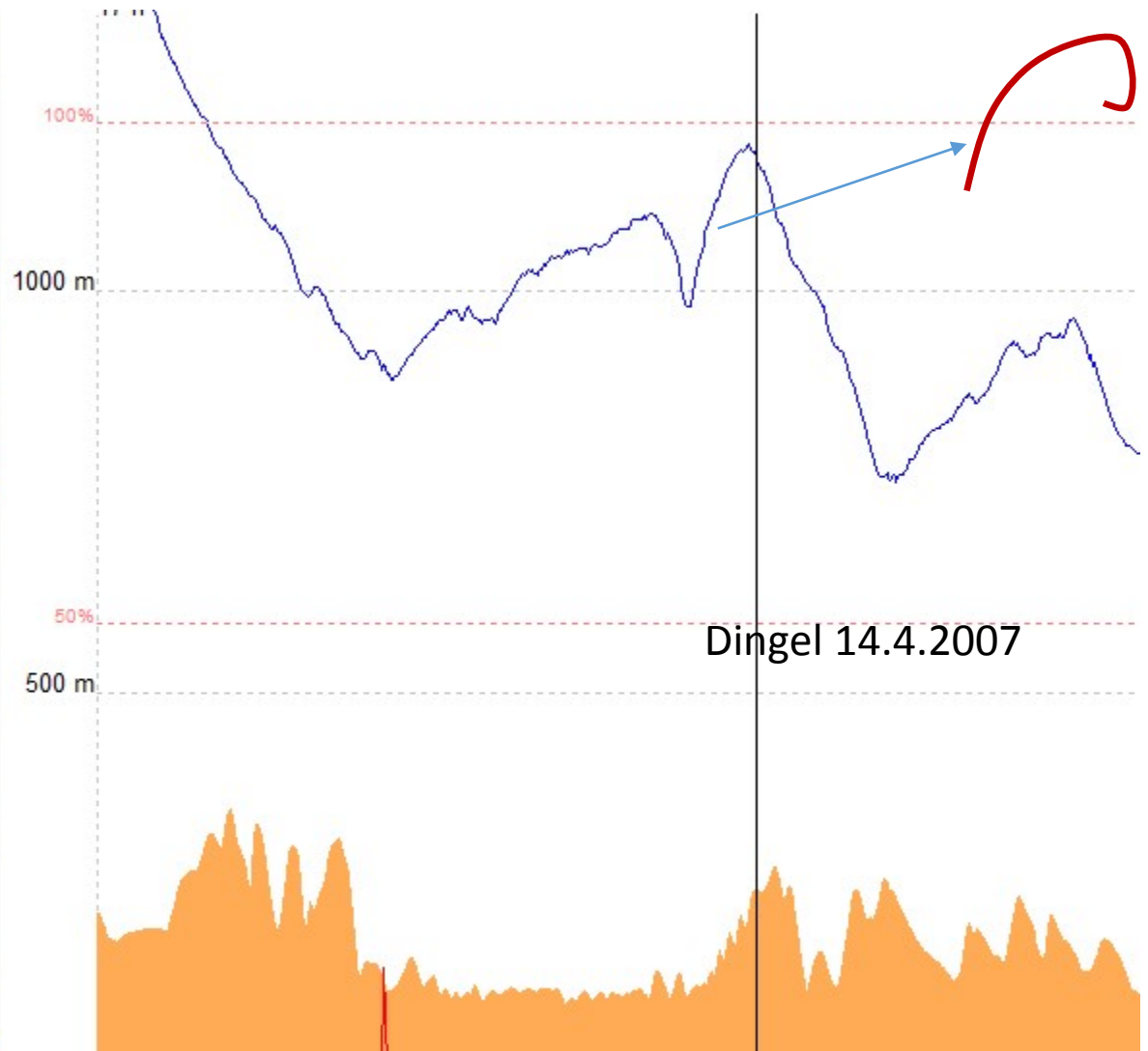


Dingel  
14.4.2007

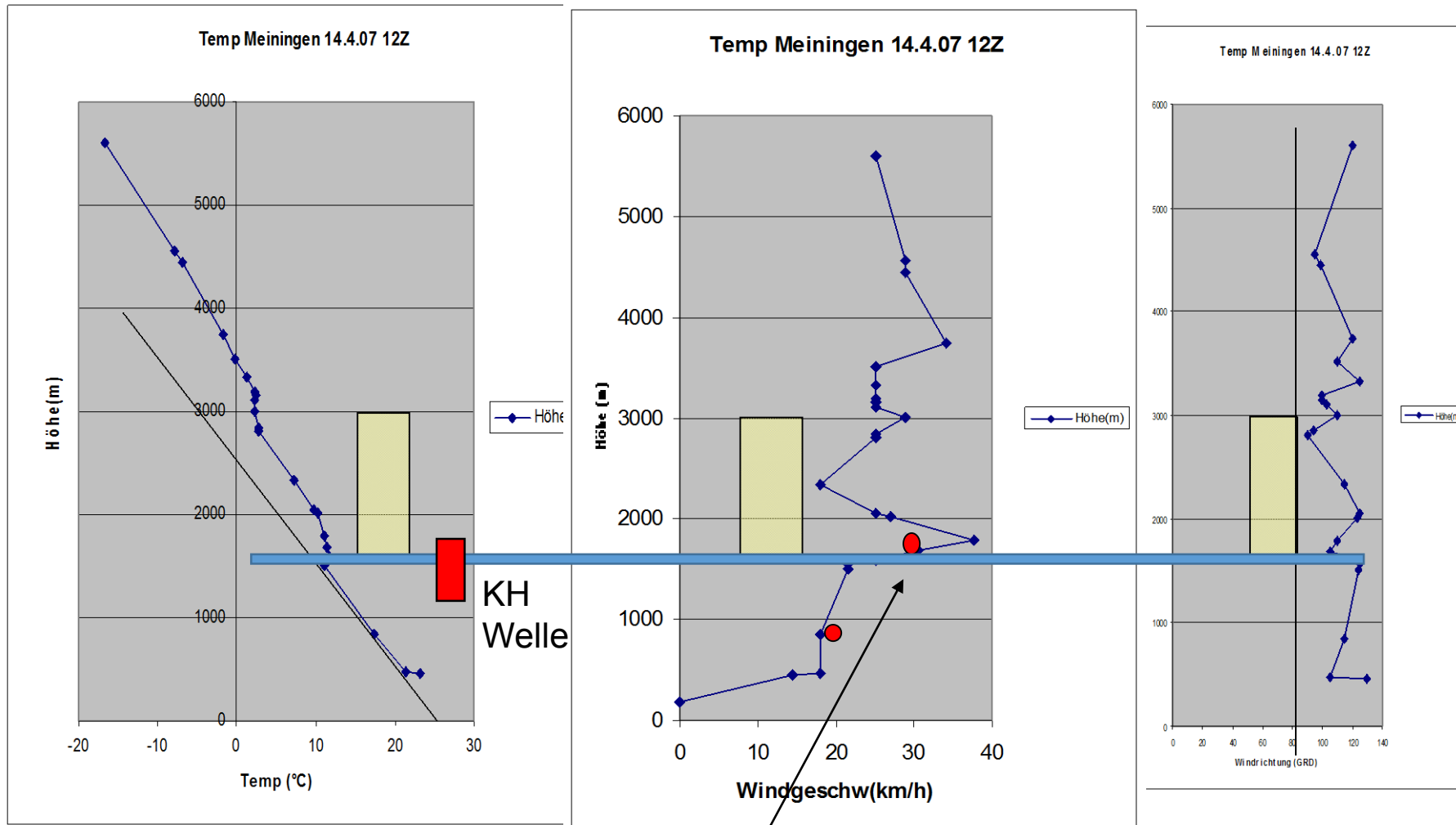




| g (C1) | w (C1)   | E (C1) | H (C2) | T (C2)   | dH  |      |
|--------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-----|------|
| km/h   | -0.3 m/s | F -5   | 166 m  | 12:52:10 | 0 m | 00:0 |







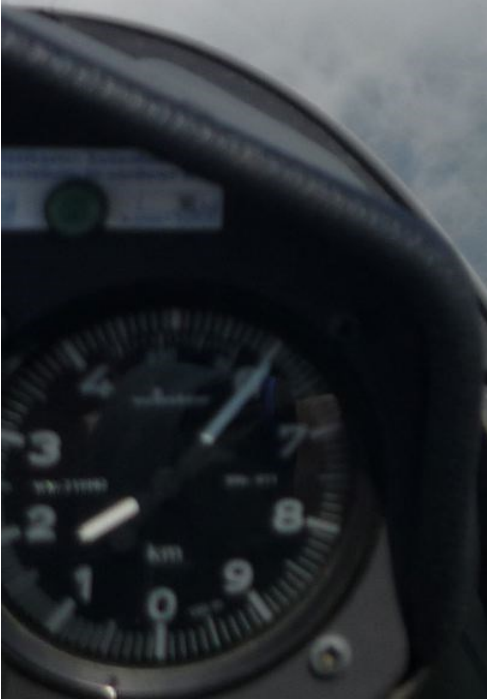
• Logger Messung im Flug, ( Kreisversatz )  
 => gleich Windgeschwindigkeit !

Dingel, Hofgeismar 25.7. 2008



Thermikwellen, 14.2.09  
Herbert Horbrügger

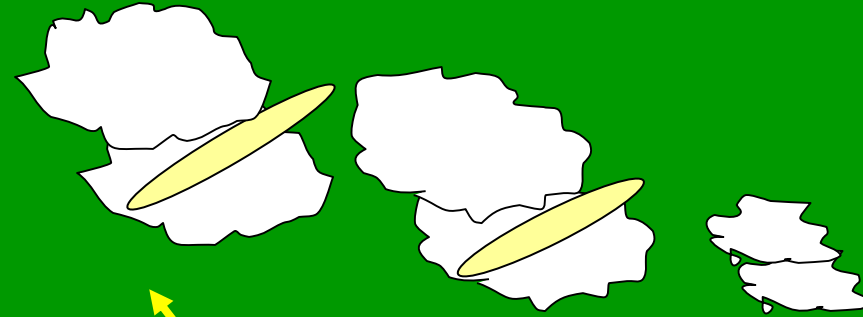
Dingel, Hofgeismar 25.7. 2008



Thermikwellen, 14.2.09  
Herbert Horbrügger

# Schema : relativer Wind an der Cumuluswolke

## Abwandern der Wolken mit dem Höhenwind



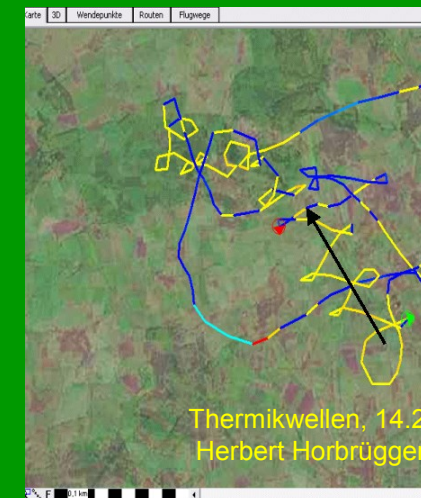
rel Wind Cu Tops 151°

11 km/h

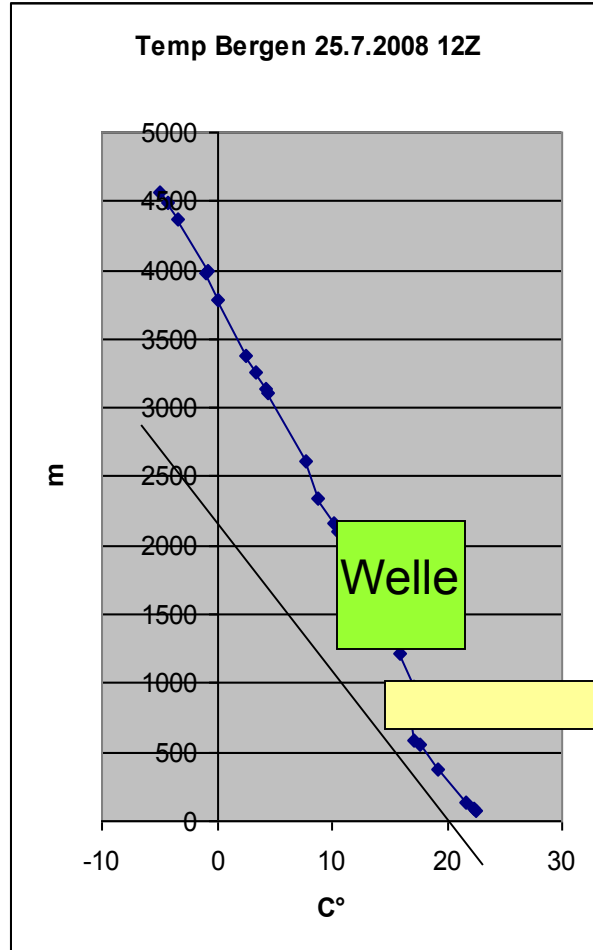
Abwandern des  
Aufwindsystems  
151° 24 km/h

Basis: 170° 20 km/h

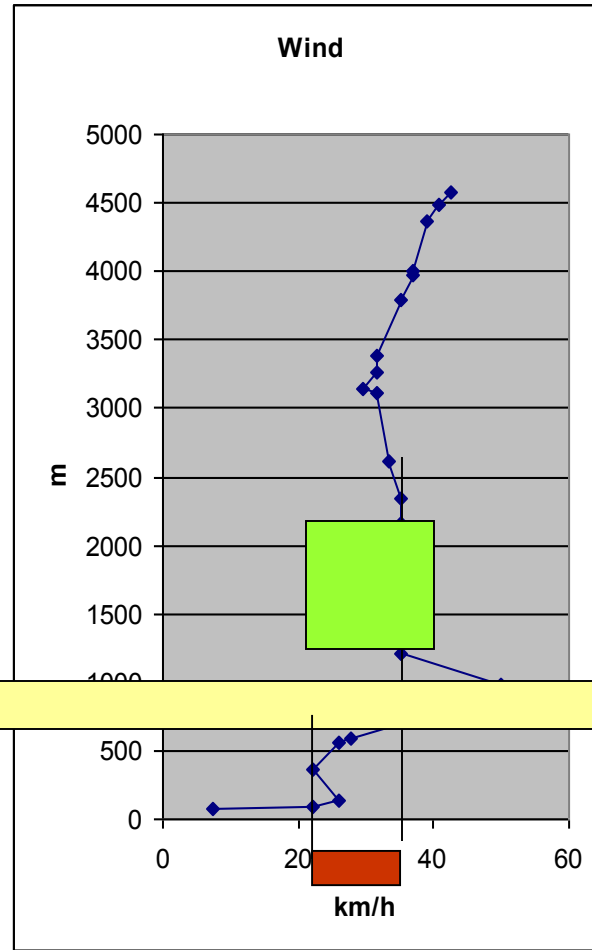
Wind OnTop  
151° 35 km/h



# Temp Bergen 25.7.2008 12:00 GMT

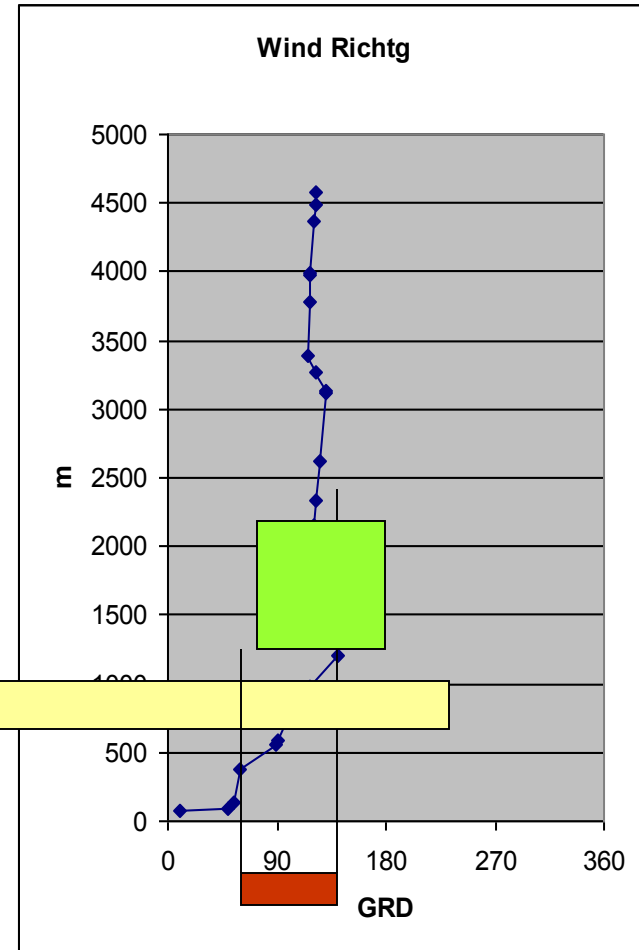


Windscherung



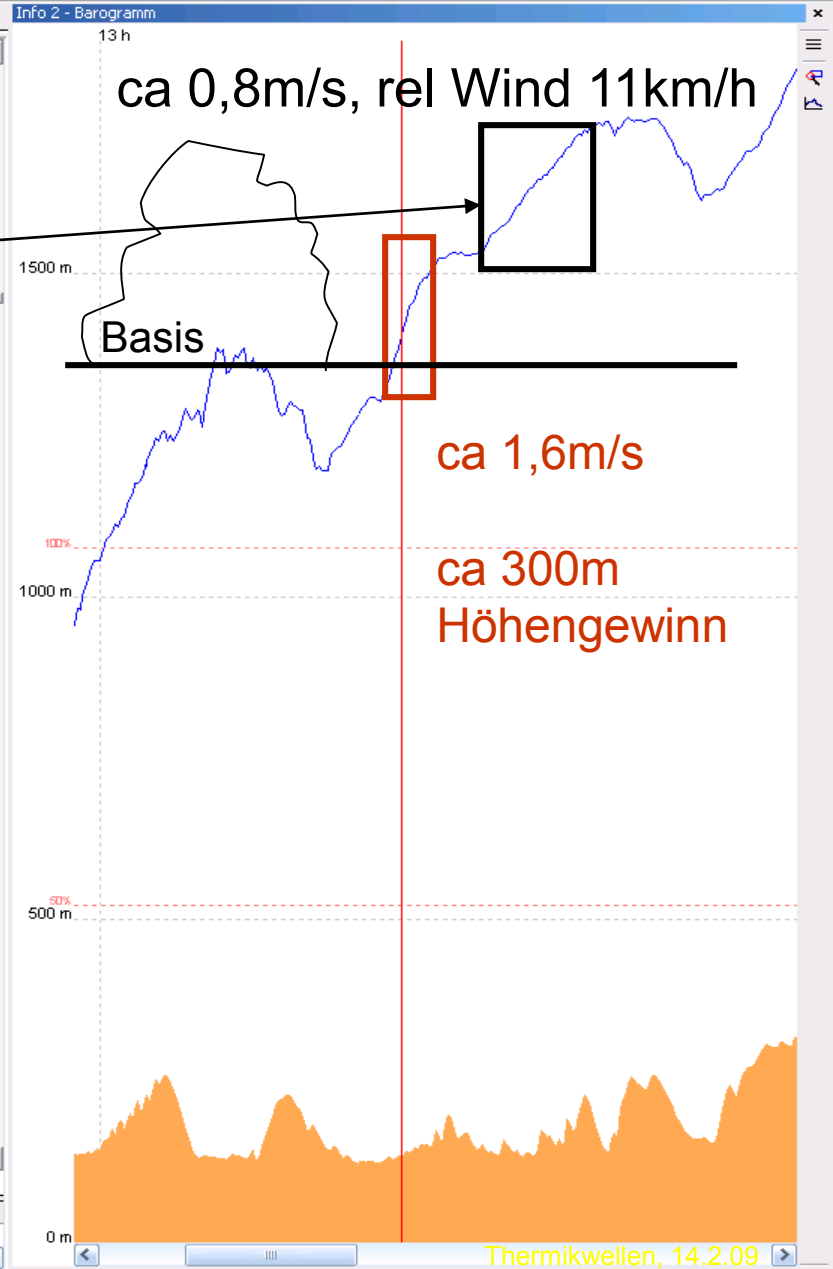
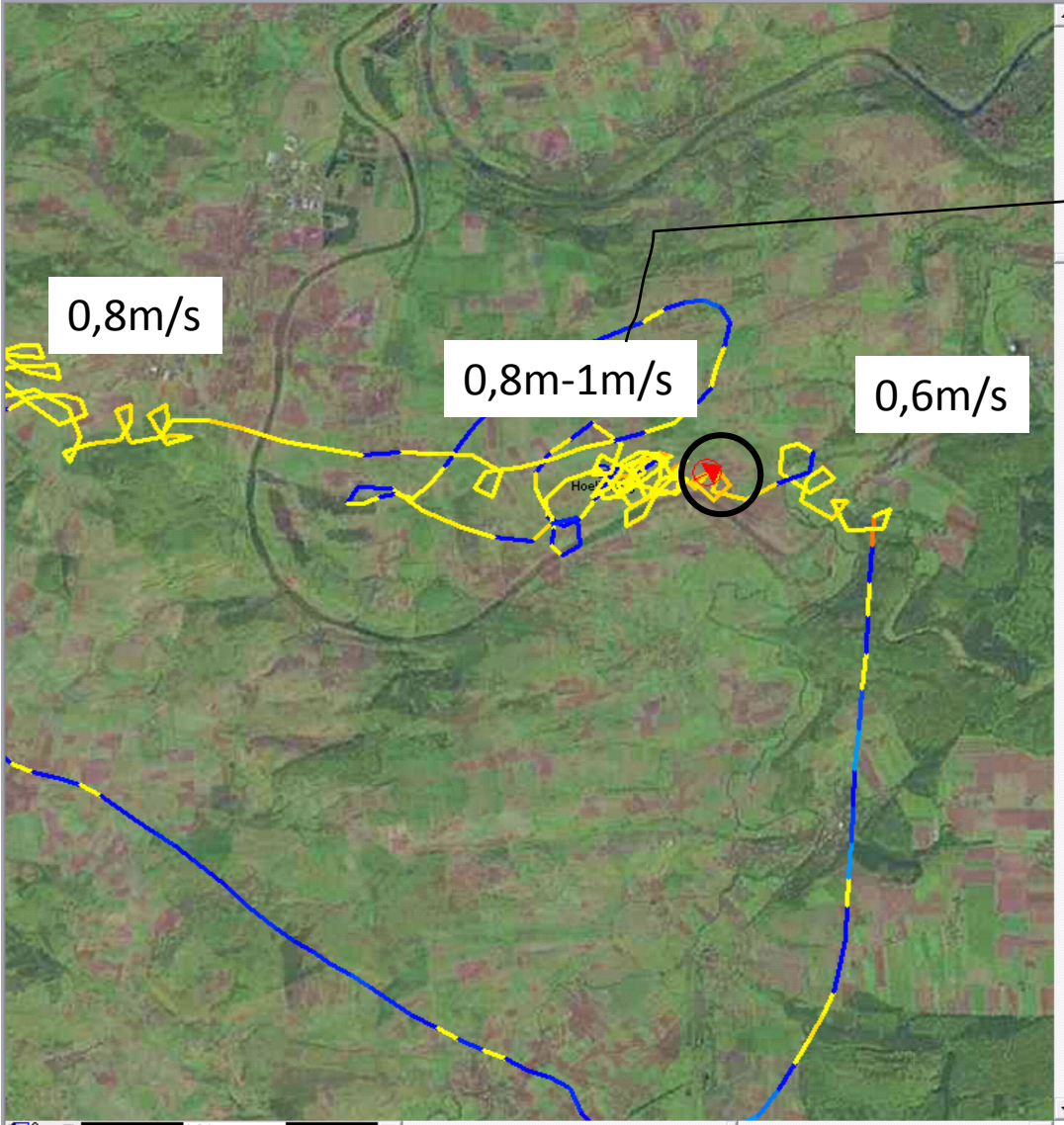
Boden : 22km/h

2000m : **35 km/h**



65°

**ca 151°**



| W...  | H (C1) | T (C1)   | Vg (C1)   | w (C1)  | E (C1) | H (C2) | T (C2)   | dH     | dT       | Vg       | w       | D      |
|-------|--------|----------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|----------|--------|----------|----------|---------|--------|
| Un... | 1403 m | 13:17:10 | 86,6 km/h | 1,6 m/s | E 14   | 218 m  | 15:07:10 | 1185 m | 01:50:00 | 4,8 km/h | 0,2 m/s | 8,8 km |

Thermikwellen, 14.2.09  
Herbert Horbrügger

Brandenburg 22.6. 2008

ca 11:30

Erst bilden sich Lentis,  
..dann unter den Lentis  
erste Cumuli,



Thermikwellen, 14.2.09  
Herbert Horbrügger

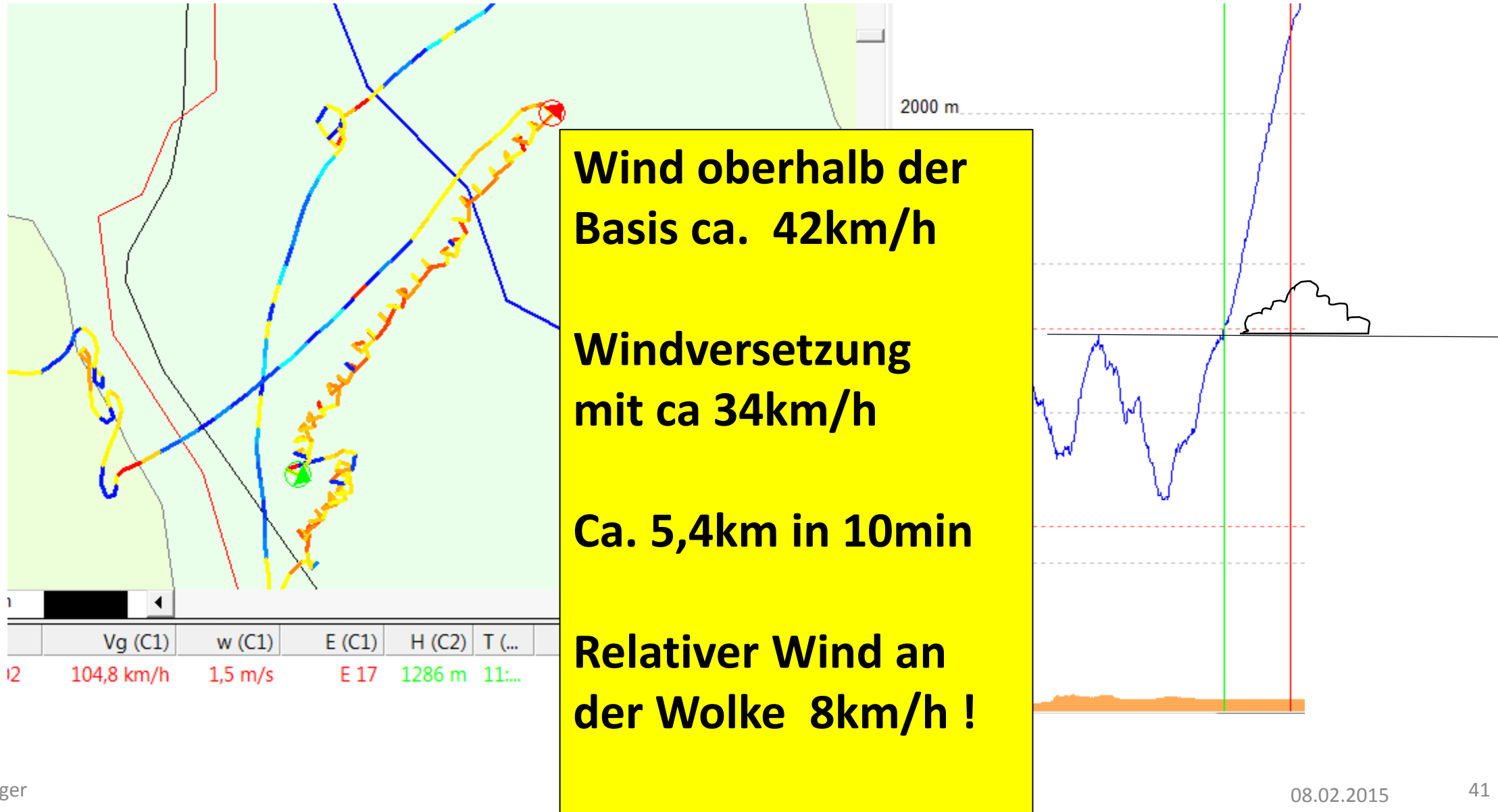
# Brandenburg 22.6. 2008, Aufstieg vor einem Cu



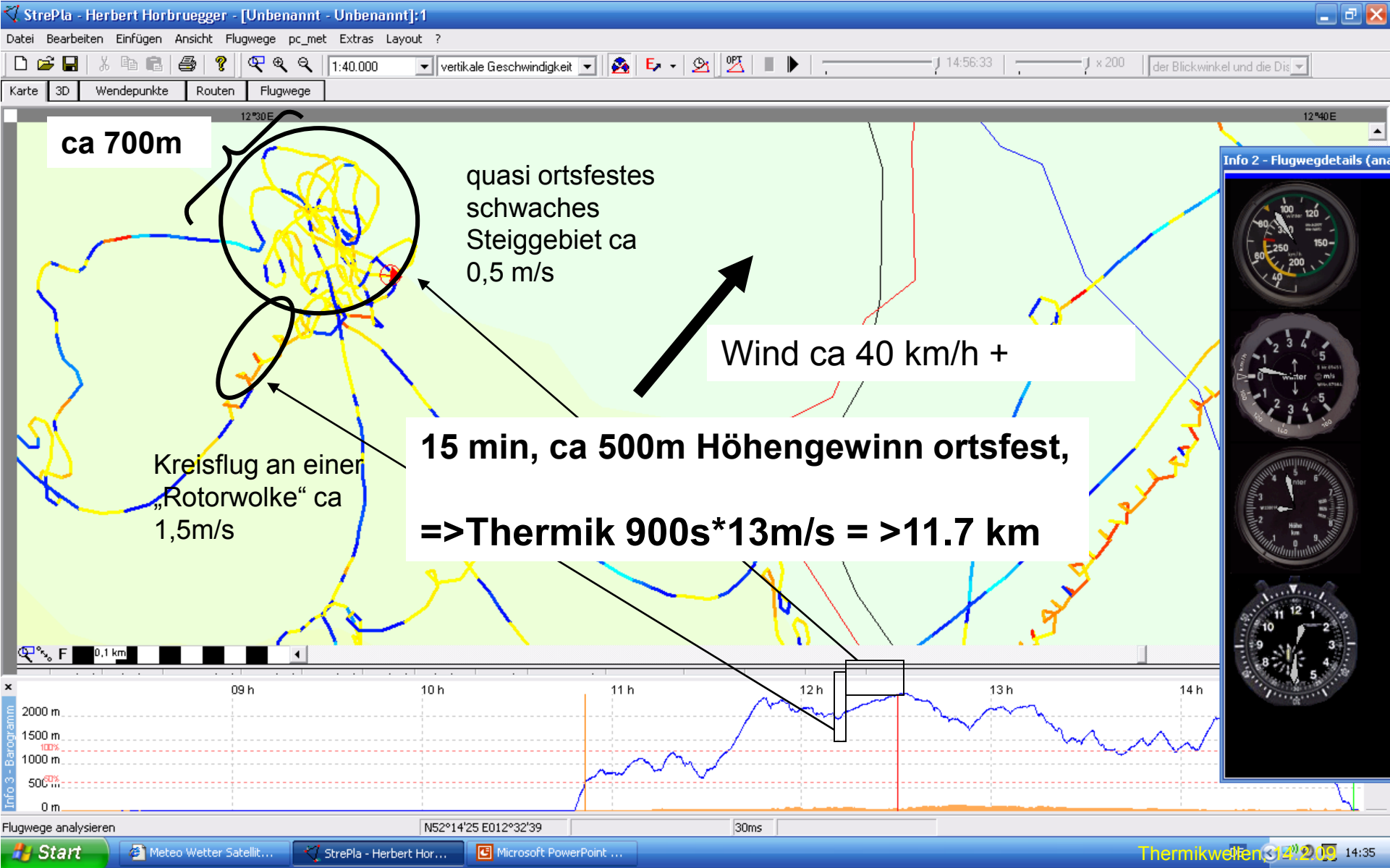
Thermikwellen, 14.2.09  
Herbert Horbrügger

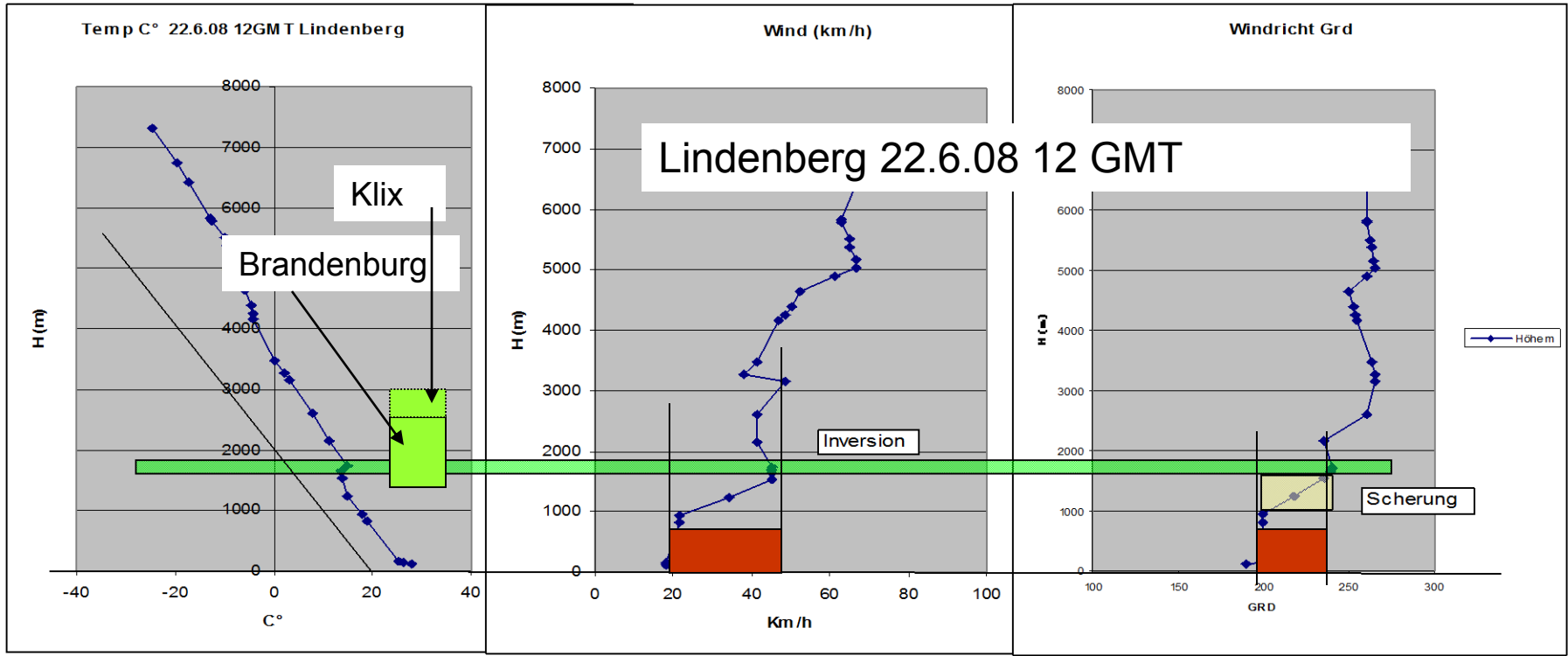


# Brandenburg 22.6. 2008, Aufstieg vor einem Cu



# Quasi ortsfestes Steiggebiet 1





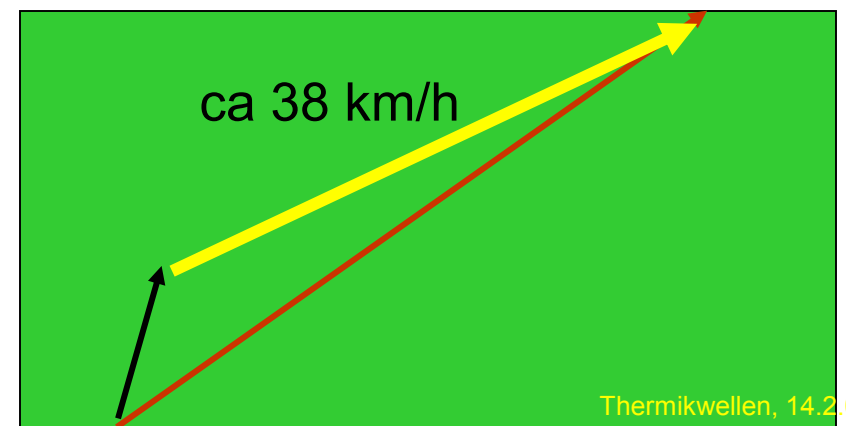
Windscherung

Boden : 20 km/h

2000m : 48 km/h

200°

ca 230°



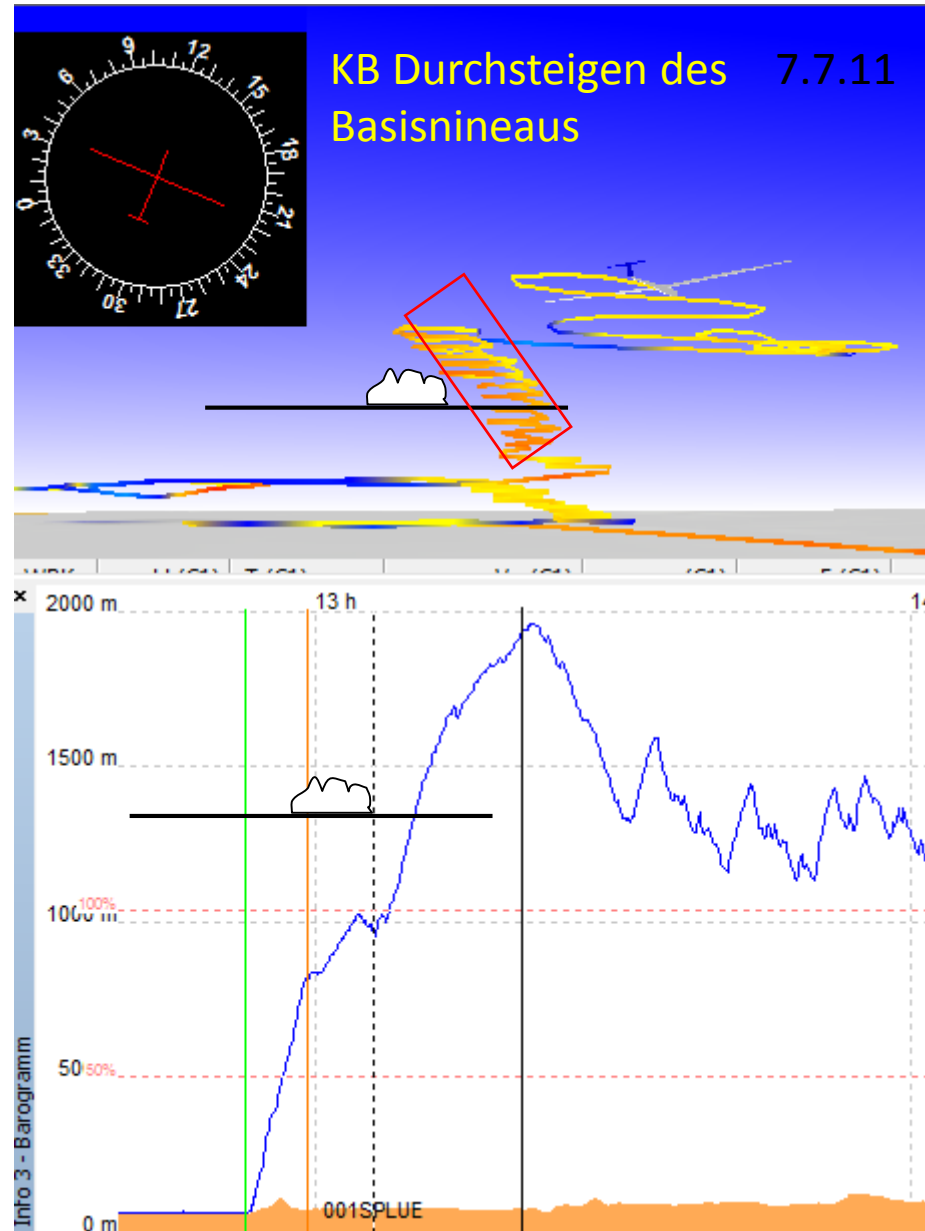
9.7.2011 12:02 MEZ



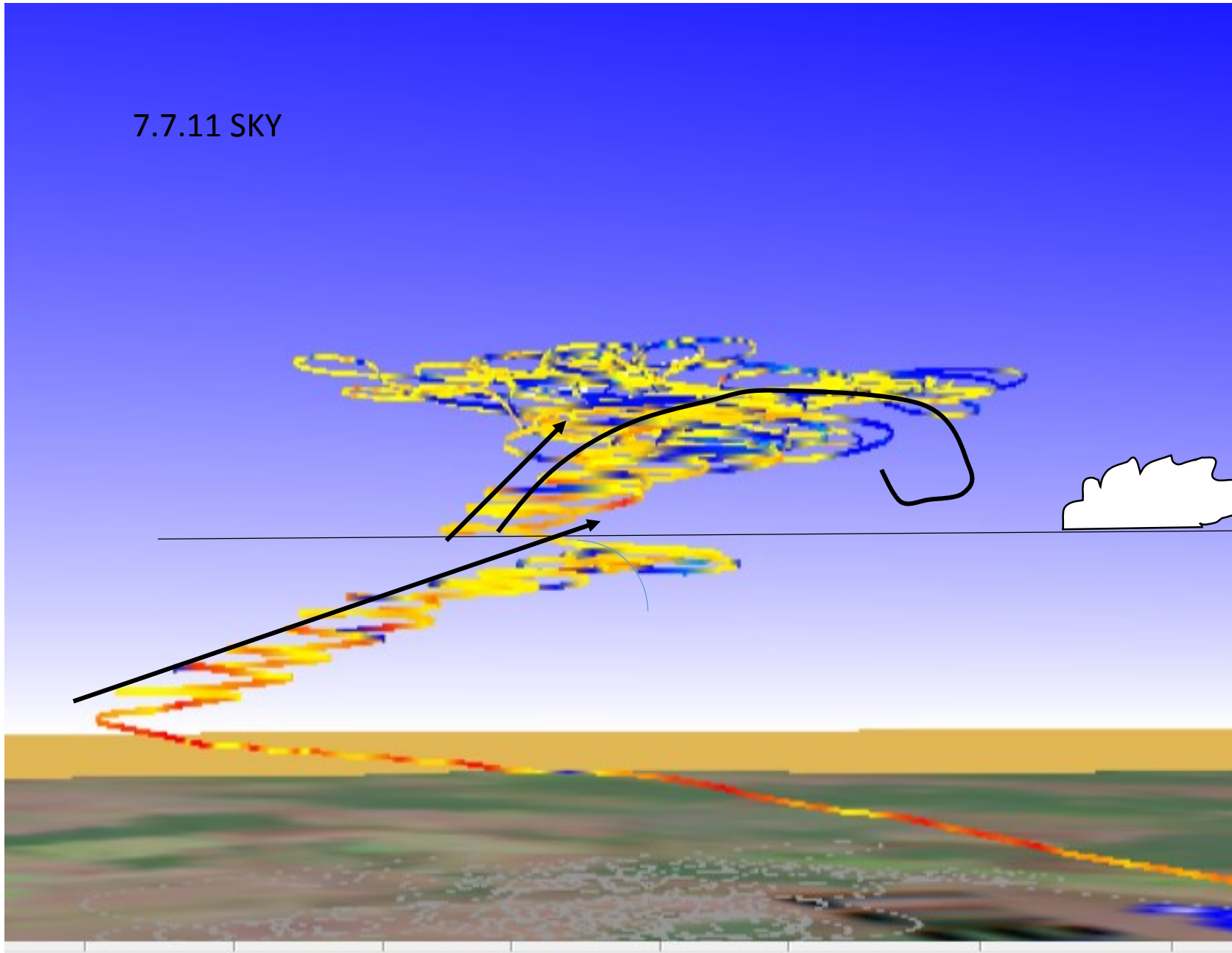
# Kelvin-Helmholtz Wellen ? DM Lüsse Juli-2011

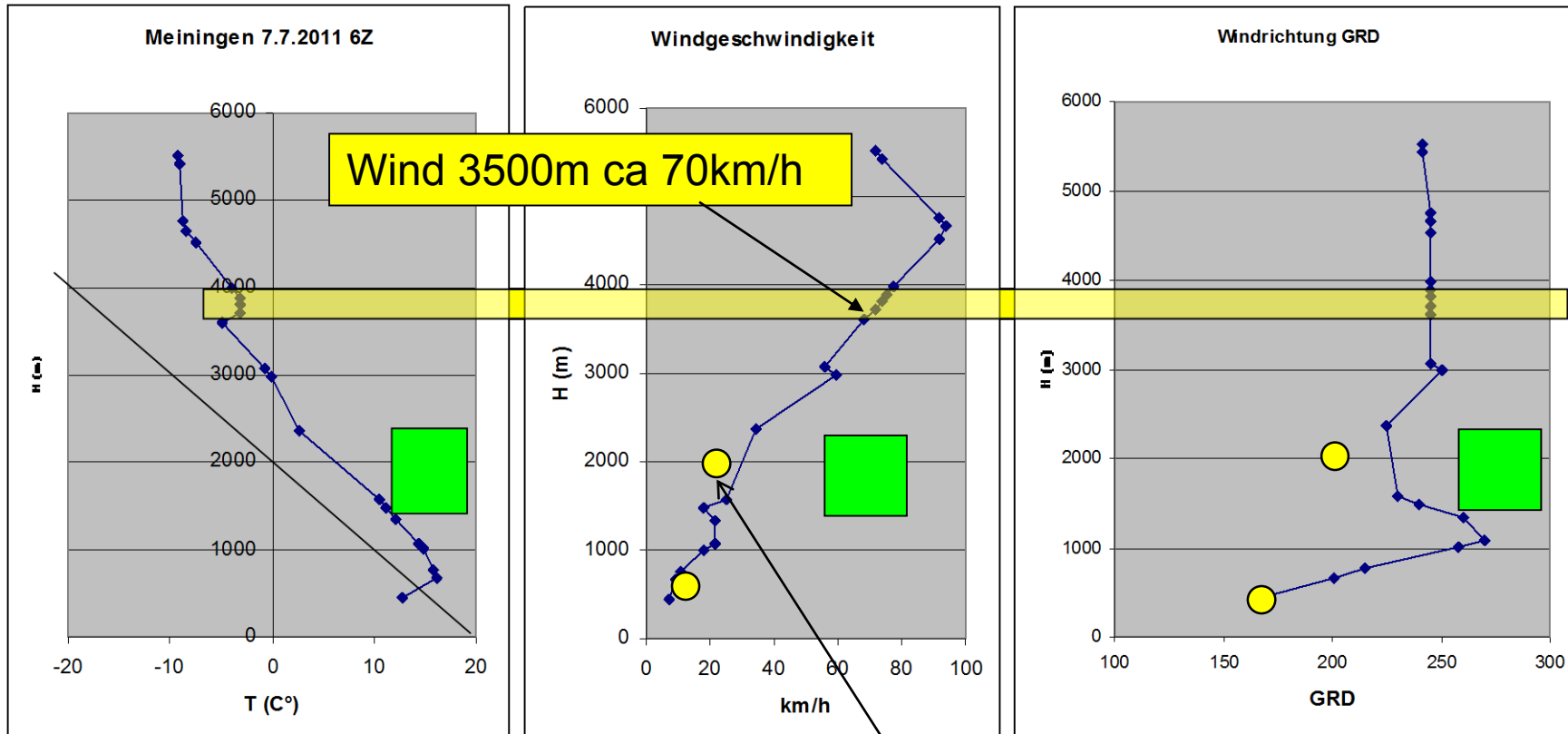
Gö 4.2.2012

Herbert Horbrügger

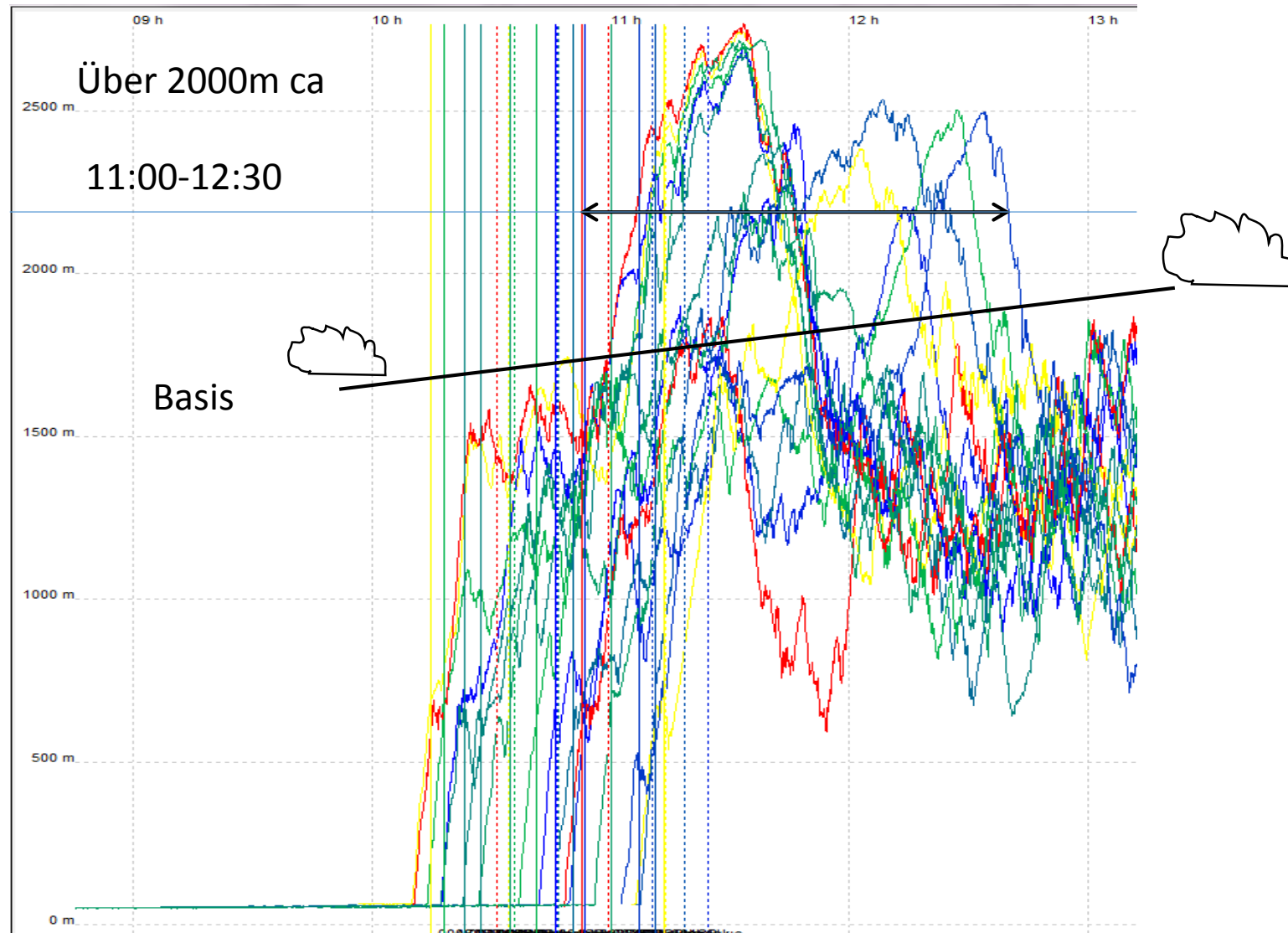


7.7.11 SKY



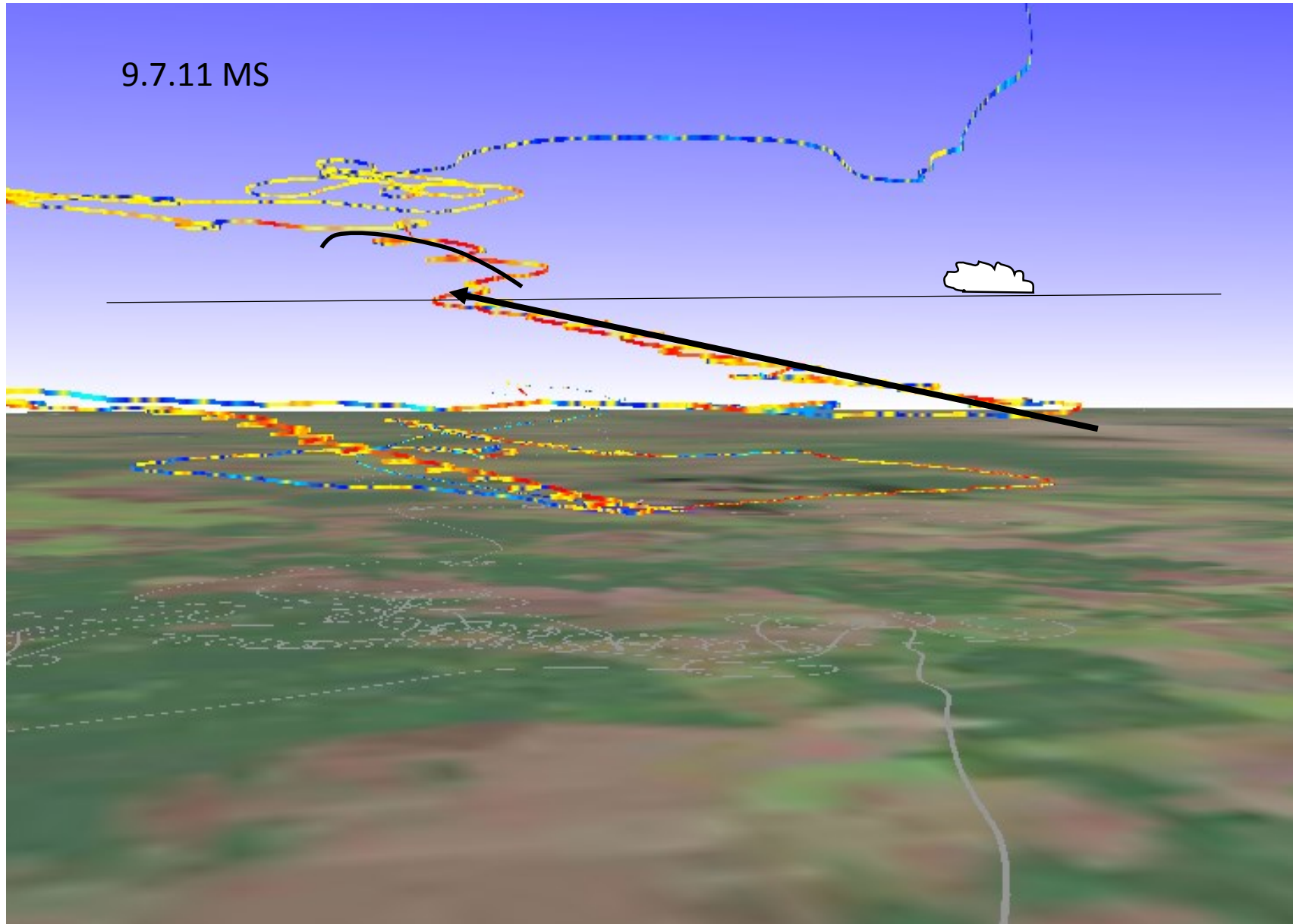


# 9.7.2011 ca 40-60 Flugzeuge in der Welle

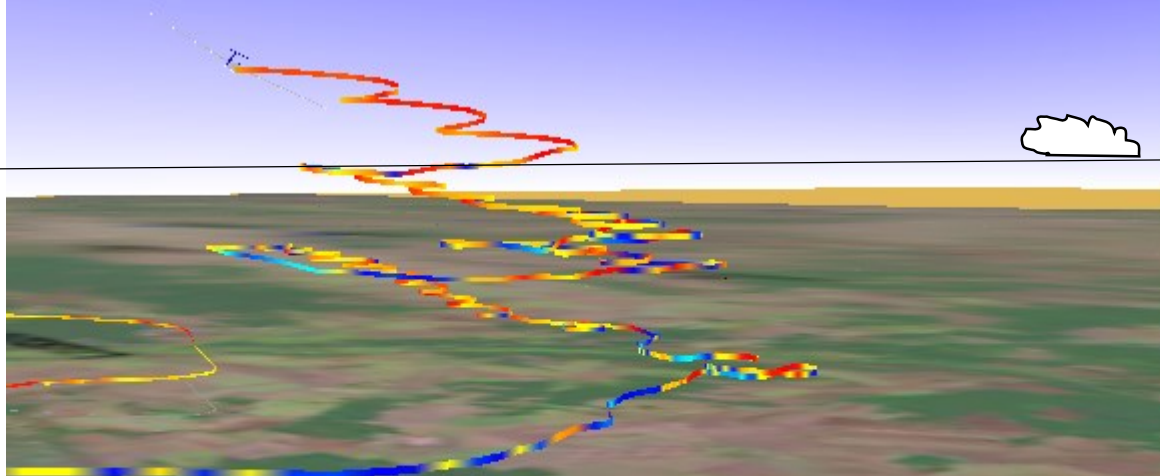




9.7.11 MS



9.7.11 7L

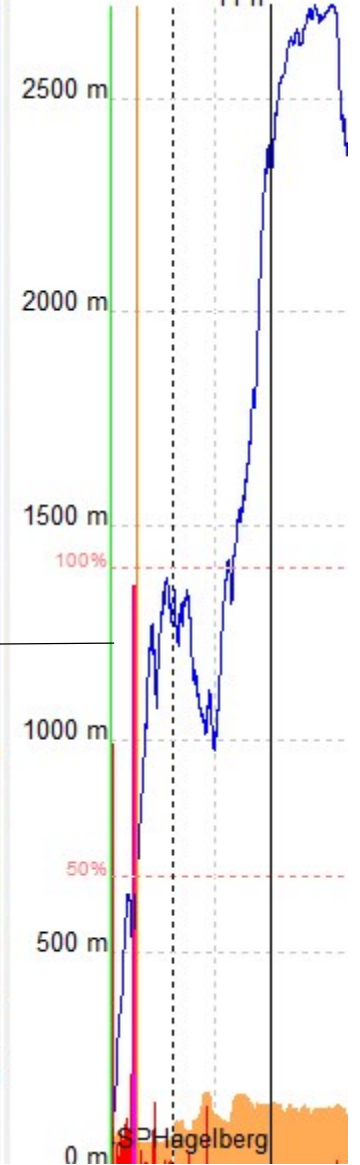
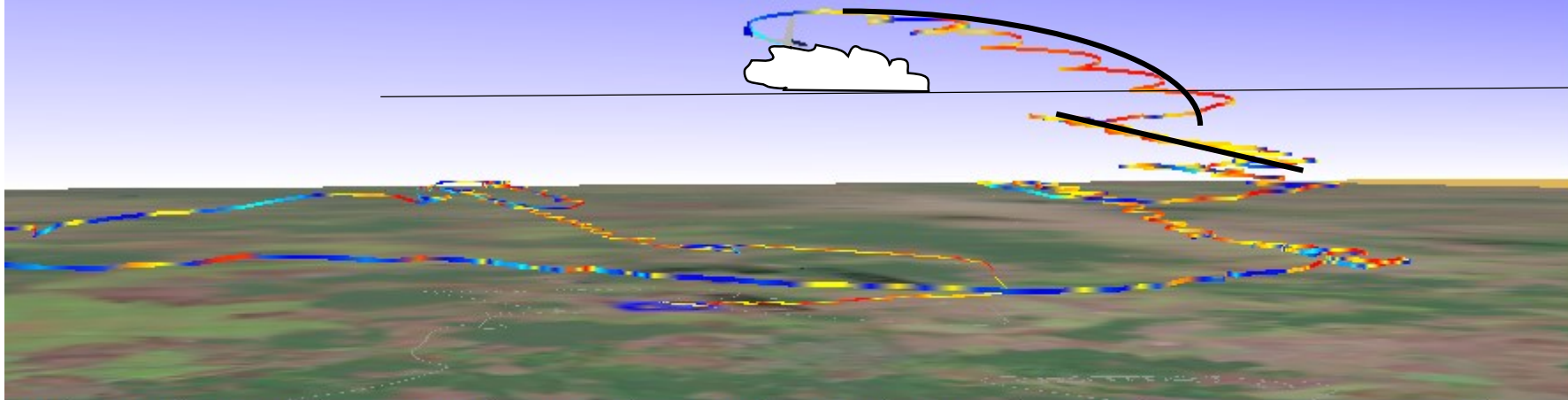


| w (C1)  | E (C1) | H (C2) | T (C2)   | dH  | dT       | Vg       |       |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|-----|----------|----------|-------|
| 0,0 m/s | E -99  | 60 m   | 10:26:21 | 0 m | 00:00:00 | 0,0 km/h | 0,0 t |





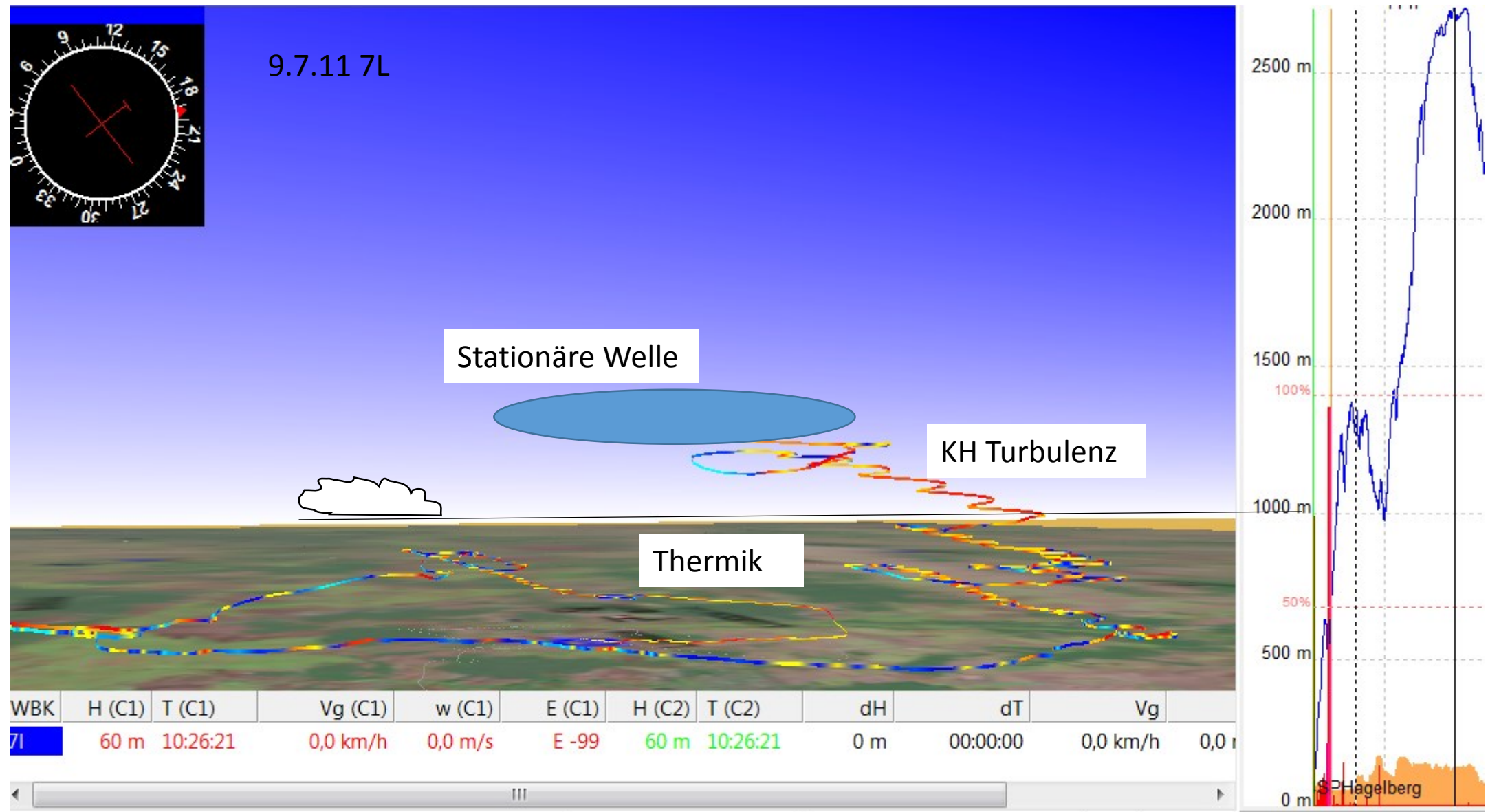
9.7.11 7L



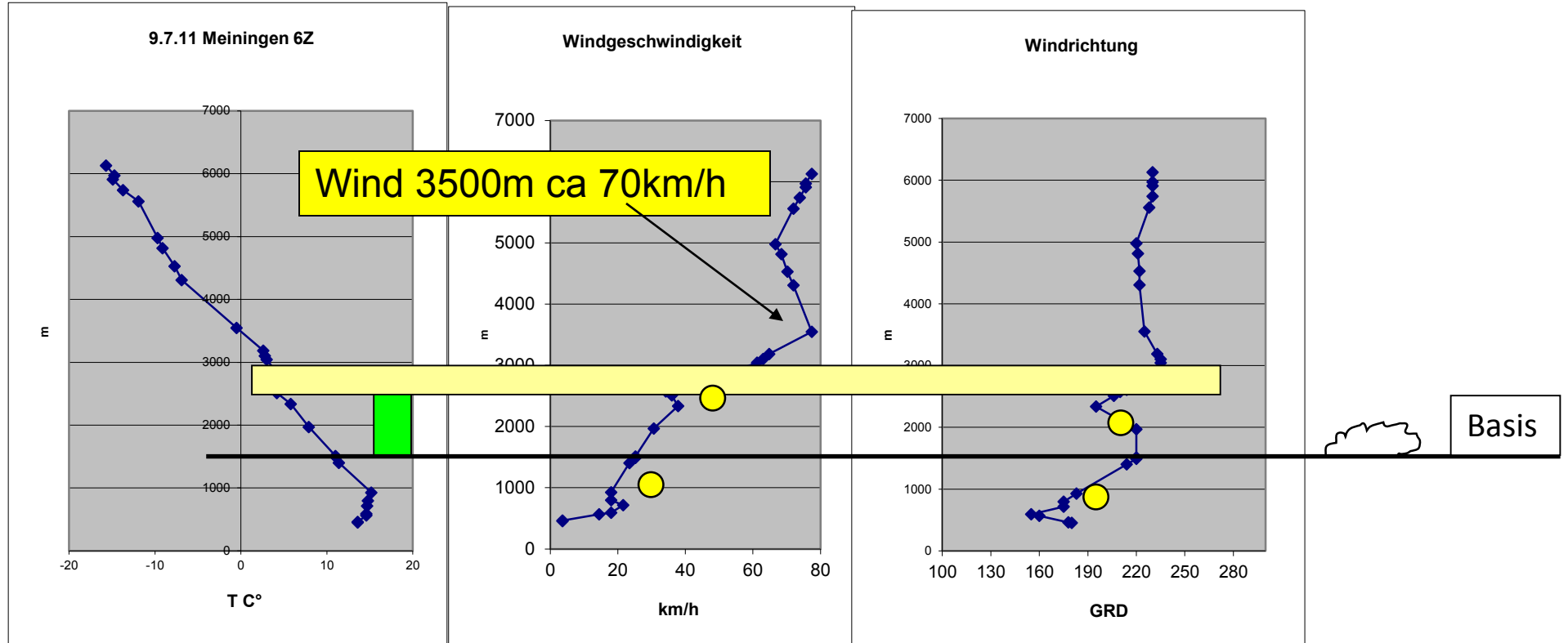
| WBK | H (C1) | T (C1)   | Vg (C1)  | w (C1)  | E (C1) | H (C2) | T (C2)   | dH  | dT       | Vg       |
|-----|--------|----------|----------|---------|--------|--------|----------|-----|----------|----------|
| 7L  | 60 m   | 10:26:21 | 0,0 km/h | 0,0 m/s | E -99  | 60 m   | 10:26:21 | 0 m | 00:00:00 | 0,0 km/h |



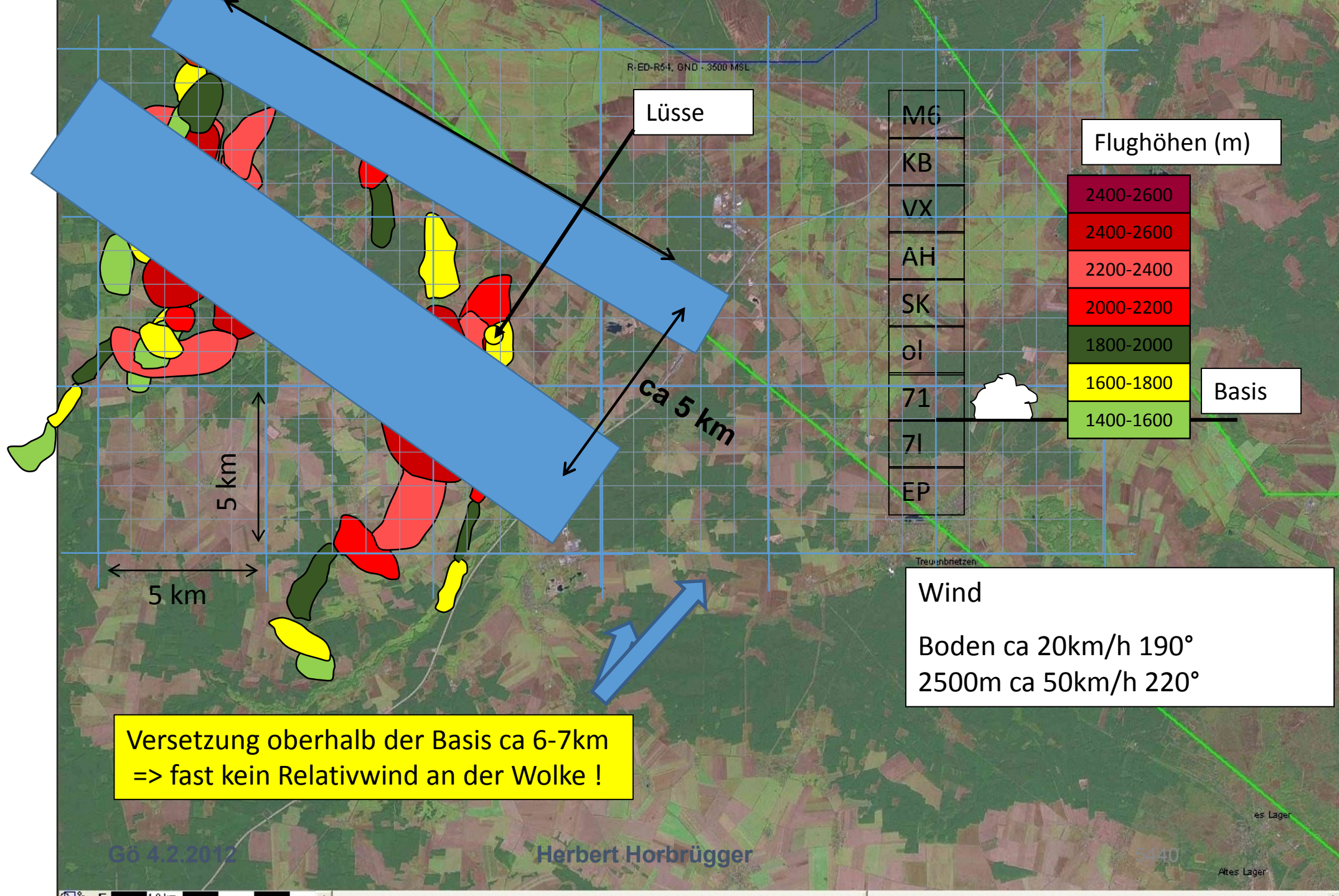
9.7.11 7L



| WBK | H (C1) | T (C1)   | Vg (C1)  | w (C1)  | E (C1) | H (C2) | T (C2)   | dH  | dT       | Vg       |
|-----|--------|----------|----------|---------|--------|--------|----------|-----|----------|----------|
| 7L  | 60 m   | 10:26:21 | 0,0 km/h | 0,0 m/s | E -99  | 60 m   | 10:26:21 | 0 m | 00:00:00 | 0,0 km/h |



Messwerte aus den IGCs ...etwas größer als im Temp !  
 Versetzung oberhalb der Basis ca 6-7km  
 => fast kein Relativwind im Wolkenniveau !



R-ED-R54, GND - 3500 MSL

Lüsse

- M6
- KB
- VX
- AH
- SK
- ol
- 71
- 7l
- EP

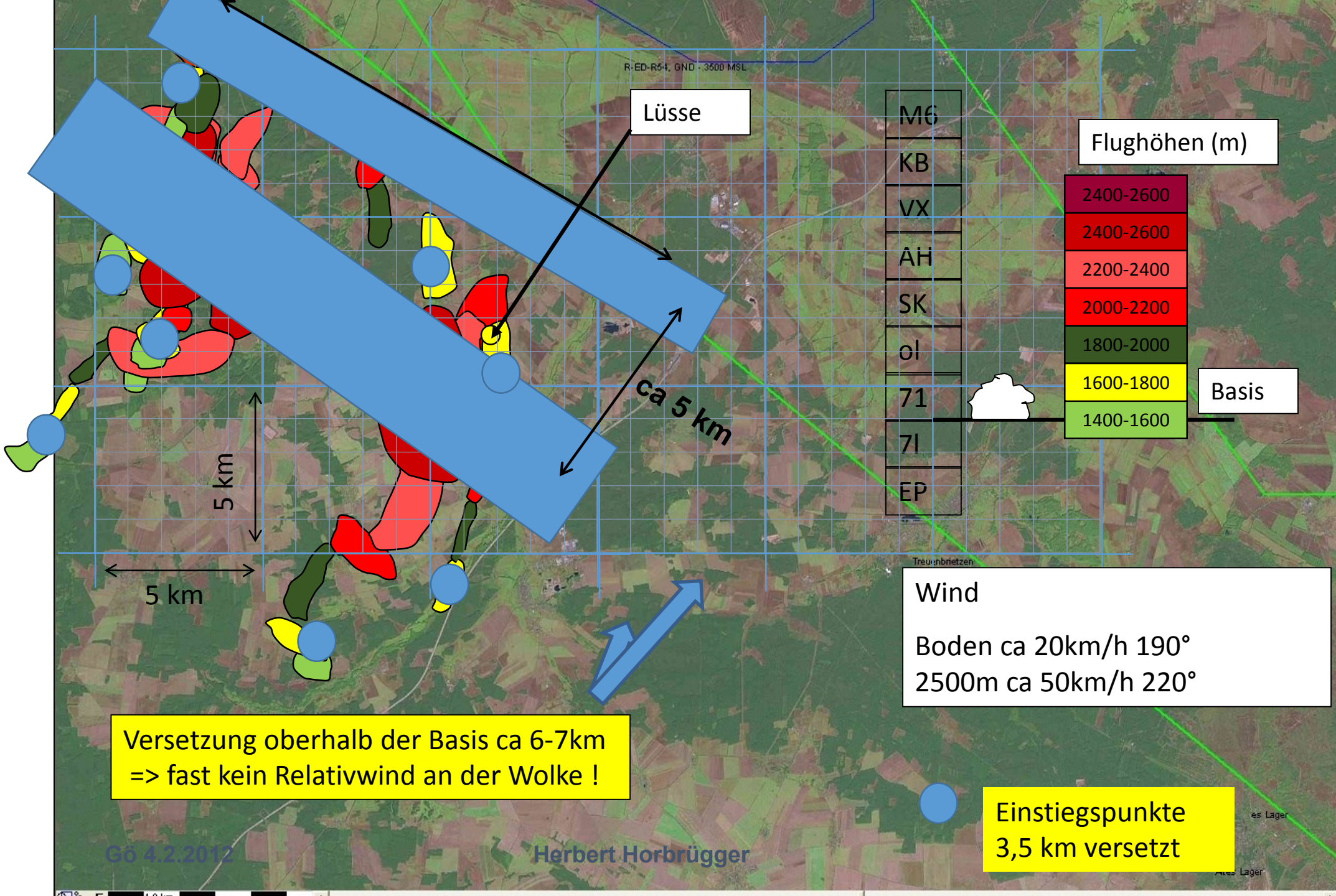
Flughöhen (m)

|           |
|-----------|
| 2400-2600 |
| 2400-2600 |
| 2200-2400 |
| 2000-2200 |
| 1800-2000 |
| 1600-1800 |
| 1400-1600 |

Basis

Wind  
 Boden ca 20km/h 190°  
 2500m ca 50km/h 220°

Versetzung oberhalb der Basis ca 6-7km  
 => fast kein Relativwind an der Wolke !



R-ED-R54, GND - 3500 MSL

Lüsse

- M6
- KB
- VX
- AH
- SK
- ol
- 71
- 7l
- EP

Flughöhen (m)

|           |
|-----------|
| 2400-2600 |
| 2400-2600 |
| 2200-2400 |
| 2000-2200 |
| 1800-2000 |
| 1600-1800 |
| 1400-1600 |

Basis

Wind  
 Boden ca 20km/h 190°  
 2500m ca 50km/h 220°

Versetzung oberhalb der Basis ca 6-7km  
 => fast kein Relativwind an der Wolke !

Einstiegspunkte  
 3,5 km versetzt

# Thermikwellenflüge Jörgs Berichtesammlung & OLC

|              |         | max Höhe | Scherwind | Thermik | Welle    |   |
|--------------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|---|
| Dingel       | 6.4.00  | 3000m    | 46 km/h   | 2-3m/s  | 2-3m/s   | ★ |
| Dingel       | 6.4.02  | 3000m    | ca 40km/h | 1,5m/s  | 1,5m/s   | ★ |
| Dingel       | 18.4.03 | 3000m    | 40 km/h   | 2,4m/s  | 1,2m/s   |   |
| Dingel       | 3.8.03  | 3000m    | 40 km/h   | 2 m/s   | 1,5m/s   |   |
| Cottbus      | 27.7.05 | 3000m    | 36 km/h   | 1,8m/s  | 1,3m/s   |   |
| Tischenreuth | 27.7.05 | 2800m    | 36 kmh    | 3 m/s   | 1,1m/s   |   |
| Würzburg     | 27.7.05 | 3000m    | 36 km/h   | 2,2 m/s | 1,3m/s   |   |
| Brandenburg  | 22.6.08 | 2500m +  | 38 km/h   | 1,8m/s  | 2m/s     | ★ |
| Klix         | 22.6.08 | 3000m    | 30 km/h+  | 2 m/s   | 2m/s     | ★ |
| Dingel       | 25.7.08 | 2200m    | 20 km/h   | 1,6m/s  | 1,6-1m/s | ★ |



Wellen Steigwerte ähnlich der Thermik

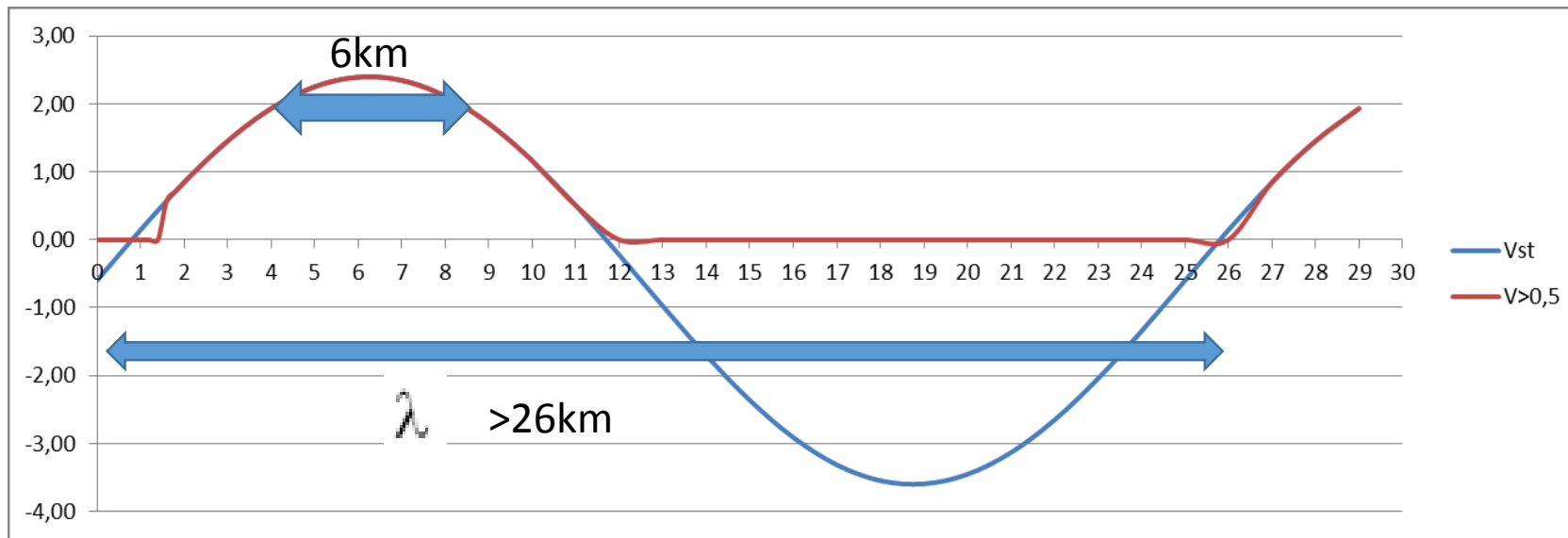


# Zusammenfassung der Flüge

- Relativgeschwindigkeit des Windes zur Wolke gering 0-10km/h
- Versetzung im Kreisflug oberhalb der Basis
- Abwandern des Aufwindgebietes
- Starke Steigwerte 2-3m/s
- Höhengewinn 200-400m
- Oberhalb weitere großflächige stationäre Steiggebiete ( 0,5 m/s )

# Stationäres Wellenmodell erklärt nicht die leeseitige Ausbreitung der Steiggebiete

Bestes Steigen  $\lambda / 4$



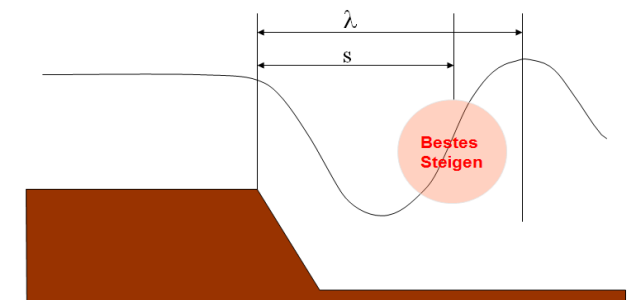
Wellenlänge wäre  $\lambda > 26 \text{ km} \Rightarrow \text{Wind} > 150 \text{ km/h} ?$

Die Formel

Robert Prat

$$s \text{ [km]} = v_{\text{Wind}} \text{ [km/h]} / 10$$

$$s = 3/4 \lambda$$



# Thermikwellen Erklärungsversuch

1. **Thermik**, Inversion durch überlagerte Welle angehoben  
..warum vor der Wolke ? Warum so unterschiedlich verteilt u.  
sporadisch
2. **Welle** Steigzone über 6-7km im Kreisflug =>  
notwenige Wellenlänge wäre  $> 26\text{km}$ , Wind  $> 150\text{km/h}$
3. **Abwandernde Kelvin Helmholtz Wellen**

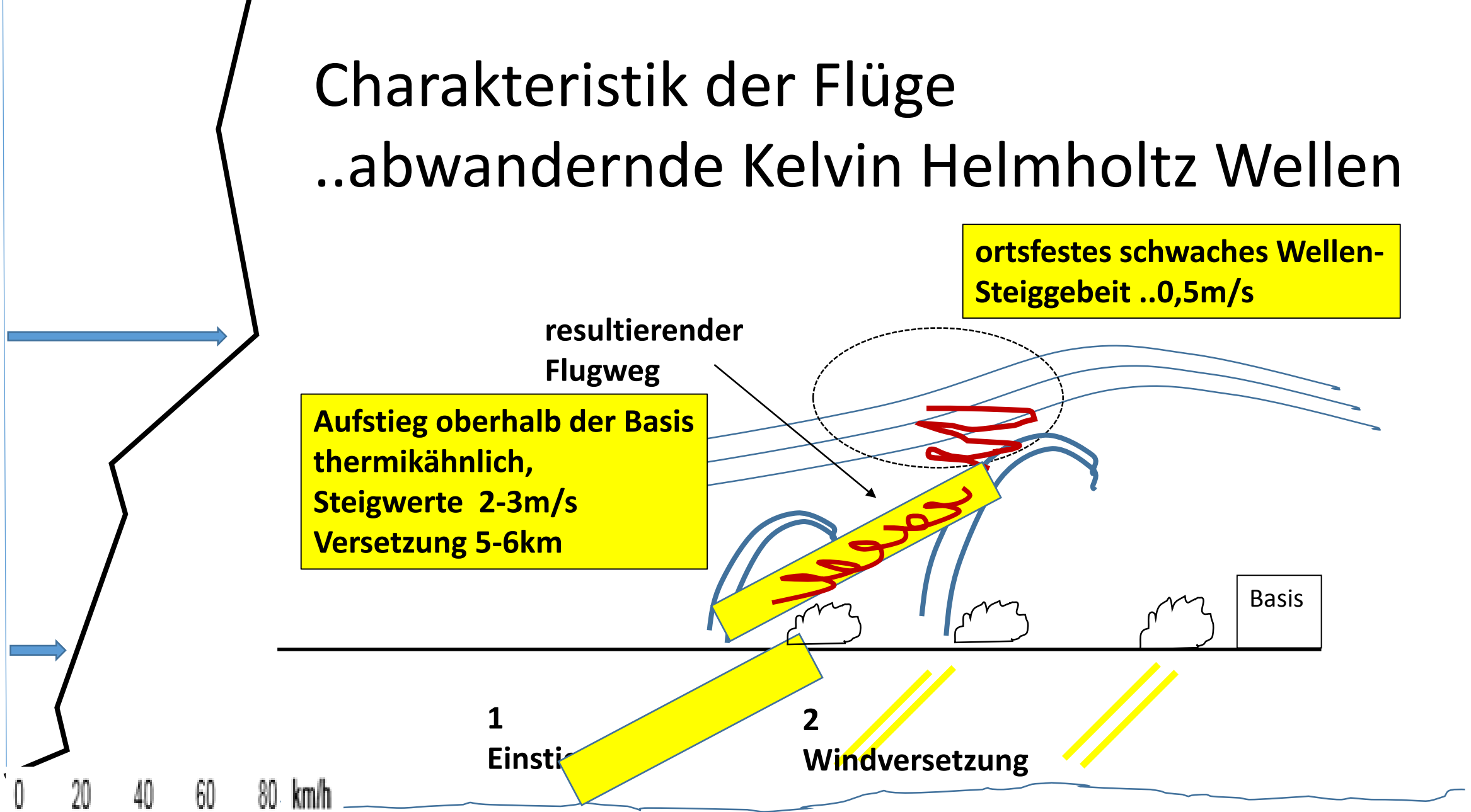
## Thermik als Auslöse-Impuls

Over Birmingham

45 s



# Charakteristik der Flüge ..abwandernde Kelvin Helmholtz Wellen



# Wolkenbeobachtungen

## Kelvin-Helmholtz

### Wellen

# KH Wellen USA, ....Ort unbekannt



# Klix, Bautzener Berge Kelvin-Helmholtz





Klix 29.11.2007  
Westlich, luvseitig des Jeschken  
Foto HH



Klix 29.11.2007  
Westlich, luvseitig des Jeschken  
Foto HH

Rotor, Kelvin-Helmholtz  
Instabilität  
Flugplatz Brandenburg  
Mühlenfeld

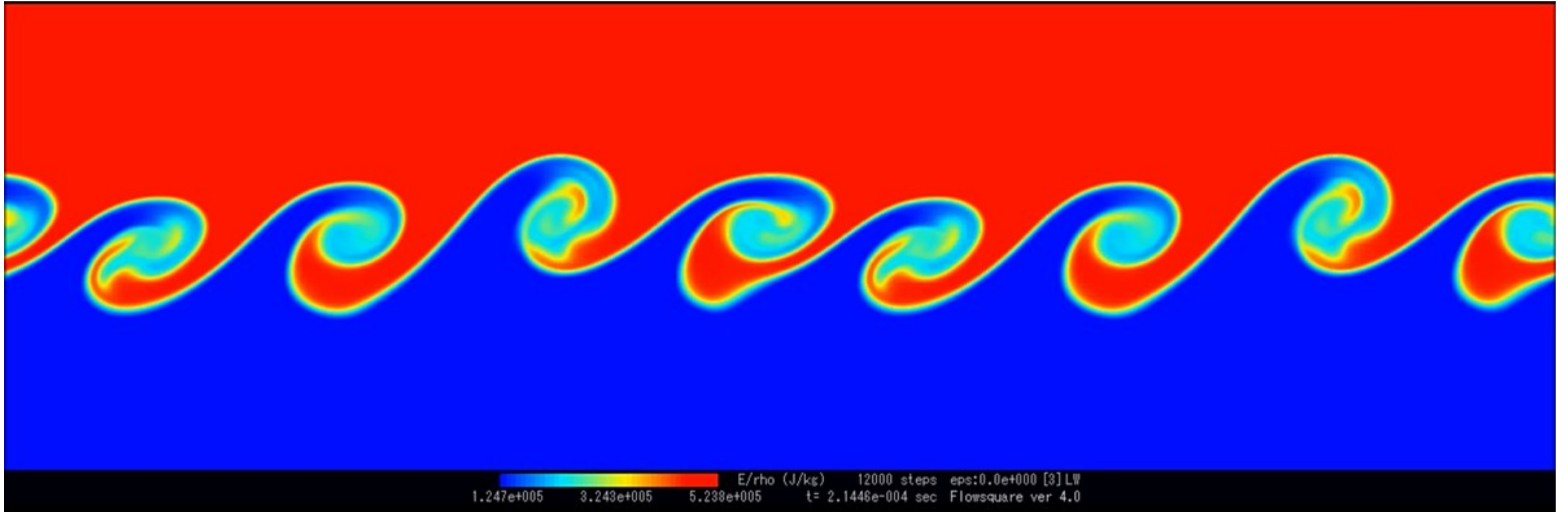


**2s ⇔ 1 min**

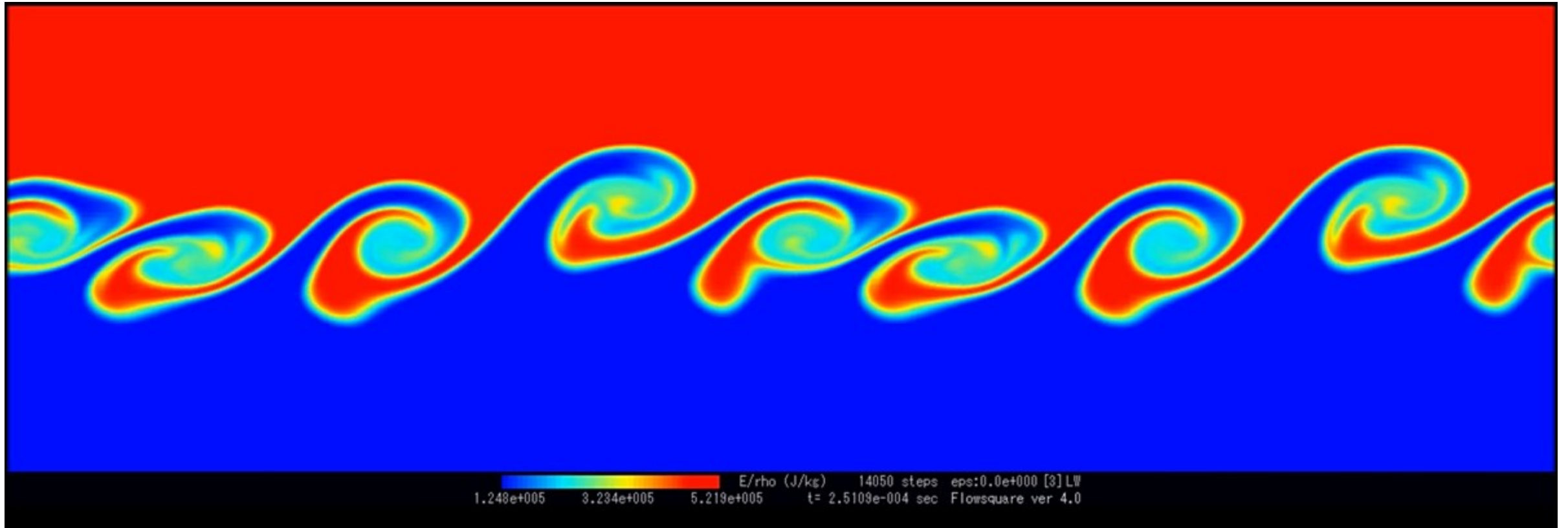
# „Roll Cloud“ Berlin Spandau 2.7.2012 KH Instabilität ? ...seitliche Ausdehnung



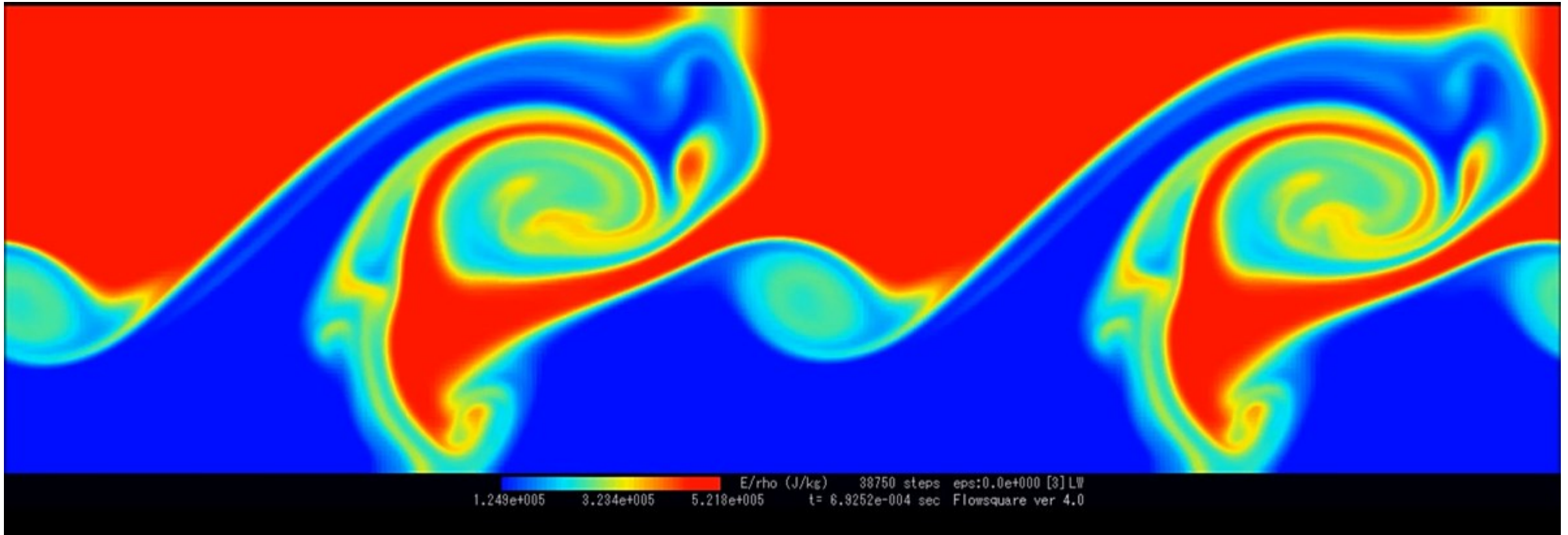
# Kelvin Helmholtz Simulation



# Kelvin Helmholtz Simulation



# Kelvin Helmholtz Simulation







**Gedern/Fulda**  
**13.1.2015**  
**08:11 MEZ**  
**ca 7500m**

Foto Jan Golze



**Gedern/Fulda**  
**13.1.2015**  
**08:11 MEZ**  
**ca 7500m**

# Kelvin-Helmholtz Wellen

..klein aber stark

... in der Regel in Verbindung mit überlagerten  
Wellen

viel Spaß beim weiterforschen